The Pittsburgh Gazette.

ESTABLISHED JULY 12, 1786. PITTSBURGH MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1875. VOL. 89.—NO. 222.

FIRST EDITION.

FOREIGN NEWS.

Battles Between Herzegovinians and Turks.

Bosnians Refuse to Negotiate for Peace.

The Insurrection Still Spreading.

The Germans Playing at War in Silesia.

Fighting Blucher's Battle Over Again.

GERMANY.

Royal Visit to Italy.

BERLIN, September 18.—Emperor William will leave Germany certainly by October 3d, to visit the King of Italy. Prince Bismarck will probably attend him. The Emperor will set out from Baden Baden soon after the birthday of the Empress, September 29th. The movements of the Emperor have for a long time past been regulated to a great extent by his medical advisers.

The Army Maneuvers at Liegnitz.

LIEGNITZ, SILESIA, September 17.—The grand Autumn maneuvers of the German army were concluded to-day near Liegnitz, after three days' earnest "kriegspiel" (war play), which resembled real war rather than play. Two army corps, the Fifth, commanded by General Von Kirchbach, and the Sixth, under General Gumpling, each about thirty thousand strong, were pitted against each other. Although executing plans of battle laid down for them, they endeavored to gain a victory, as adjudged by the Kaiser and general staff. The ground on which the maneuvers took place was to a great extent

The Scene of Blucher's Victory

over McDonald, on Katzbach river, in 1813. The Fifth Army Corps, representing Blucher's army, repeated his movements, and the Sixth took the place of the foe. The Sixth advanced from the direction of Haynau, but the Fifth, offering a vigorous opposition, pushed it back across the creek, and virtually defeated it by preventing its advance on Liegnitz. Being hard pressed, the defeated corps endeavored to reach Janer, a town enclosed by double walls and a fosse, situated on the right bank of the Neisse, ten miles south-west of Liegnitz, by marching *via* Goldberg, on the Katzbach, eleven miles south-west of Liegnitz. It crossed that river in the hope of being able to form a new base of operations and receive reinforcements. Though successfully effecting a passage of the Katzbach, the Fifth Corps effectually checked its further advance. On the third day, however, the Sixth Corps takes the offensive and succeeds in pressing the Fifth back upon Liegnitz. This was the general plan. The execution of details was left to the skill of the commander, many of whom won laurels on the mimic battle fields, and some disgraced themselves. The Sixth Corps was commanded to-day by the Grand Duke of Mecklenburg-Schwerin. Each day the scene was brilliant in the extreme. The contest for the passage of the Katzbach on Friday morning, as seen from the heights above Kroitsch, resembled

More a Real than a Sham Battle.

Bridges had been erected during the night and the position of the Sixth Corps was maintained by many brilliant cavalry charges. The battle ground was nine miles in diameter, and from every point in the horizon clouds of dust marked the advance of the troops. The lovely valley of Katzbach was enveloped at times in the smoke of artillery and from the infantry firing. To-day a contest was concluded by the brilliant storming of the heights near Rothkirch by the Sixth Corps, deciding the victory in its favor.

The Emperor was watching the maneuvers, attended by a brilliantly uniformed suit, including the foreign officers. With the Emperor were the Crown Prince, the King of Saxony, Archduke Albrecht of Austria, Prince August, the Crown Prince of Portugal, Princes Frederick Charles and Carl Albrecht of Prussia, Prince August of Wurtemberg, and Prince Arthur of England.

The Americans Present

were Quartermaster General Meigs, with his son, and Lieut. Newcomb and Colonels Dickenson, Woodruff and Delancey Floyd Jones. The Emperor rode an immense distance daily, accompanied by Von Moltke, often dashing upon eminences where the fight was the thickest, criticising the storming and commanding. The foreign officers were unanimous in praising the discipline, activity and precision of the evolutions. The troops bivouacked for the night on the field of battle, and their camp fires extended a circumference of fifteen miles. The scene was visited by thousands, and presented a magnificent spectacle. The valley of Katzbach was lit up by camp fires, and the plateau toward Liegnitz made up a scene that is seldom witnessed. The war was earnest without any deaths, and the Prussians entered heartily into the spirit of the undertaking. The Emperor and suite and foreigns officers left Liegnitz at five o'clock, and will arrive in Berlin to-morrow.

TURKEY.

The Reply to Prince Milan's Speech.

KRACOJVACZ, September 18.—The committee has not yet been able to present the Sixth paragraph with an address in reply to Prince Milan's speech. The Government has, as yet, failed to secure a majority for peace. There are rumors of a ministerial crisis. The situation is grave.

Fighting in Herzegovina.

LONDON, September 18.—A special telegram from Cattano states that the insurrection is not declining in Eastern Herzegovina. There have been some sharp encounters near Matscho and Fleviva, in which the Turks were defeated.

The Mediating Consuls.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 18.—The latest advices state that the Consuls of Austria, Germany and Italy despair of bringing about negotiations between the Bosnian insurgents and Server Pasha, the Turkish Commissioner. The English, French and Russian Consuls, whose task lies in Herzegovina, are still hopeful, because the insurgents there show a conciliatory disposition. They are, however, unable to give a definite report of the result of their mission until they have interviewed the insurgents in the mountains near Gatchka.

Insurrection at Tiskavac.

VIENNA, September 19.—An insurrection has broken out at Tiskavac, near Grachewo. The insurgents burned the Turkish guard house, the garrison of which fled.

A General Rising in Bosnia Threatened.

The insurrection is said to be spreading in Western Bosnia, and it is rumored that preparations have been made for a general rising in Bosnia.

Servia's Sympathies.

CONSTANTINOPLE, September 19.—The Minister of War has received a dispatch from Ali Pasha, dated Mostar, September 13th, stating that the insurgents were attacked on September 8th near Vishegrad, Bosnia, defeated and put to flight. On the battle field were found passports and other documents which leave no doubt that the Servians intended to declare war against Turkey. The Sublime Porte publishes the foregoing, and calls attention to the fact that insurgents who take refuge in Austria are not disarmed, notwithstanding Turkey's representations.

SPAIN.

Troops for Cuba.

SANTANDER, September 18.—A force of 856 cavalry embarked for Cuba yesterday.

The Nuncio's Circular.

LONDON, September 19.—A telegram from Rome says the Nuncio at Madrid has received instructions to leave his post if the Spanish Cabinet's decision with regard to his circular be of an aggressive character, or such as to compromise the dignity of the Holy See. Otherwise the Nuncio is to remain at Madrid until December, when he will come to Rome to attend the Consistory.

The Spanish Cabinet met on Saturday, but postponed the discussion of the Nuncio's circular.

The New Cabinet.

MADRID, September 19.—Gen. Lizarraga has arrived in Madrid. He will have an interview with Jovellar on Monday. A circular to prefects, explaining the new Government's policy, will be read at the Cabinet council to-morrow. It is expected to contain important liberal declarations with regard to elections for the Cortes.

FRANCE.

Congress of Journalists.

PARIS, September 19.—A congress of French journalists met at Trayes to-day. Resolutions were adopted demanding that the state of siege be raised and the press laws be amended.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Annuities to Bishops.

RIO JANEIRO, September 19.—An imperial decree, granting annuities to the Bishops and governors of dioceses, has been promulgated.

Fatal Locomotive Explosion.

MAUCH CHUNK, September 18.—Last night a locomotive of a coal train on the Lehigh Valley Road exploded at Stony Creek, and John Kershner, engineer, John Supler, fireman, and Benjamin Hoffman and H. W. Kolp, brakesmen, all of Fairview, were instantly killed. George Owens, a brakesman, was injured, but not fatally.

FROM WASHINGTON.

The Red Cloud Commission Reviewing the Evidence Taken.

THE FAST MAIL TRAINS.

WASHINGTON, September 18, 1875.

The Red Cloud Investigation.

The Red Cloud Commission spent most of to-day in reviewing the evidence adduced and in discussing the responsibility of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs and the Secretary of the Interior for frauds at the Red Cloud Agency, the approval of claims corrected by the Board of Indian Commissioners, &c. There seems to be no doubt there will be two reports, one exonerating the officers named and one holding them responsible for the irregularities.

Mr. Faulkner, of the Commission, entertains views very unfavorable to Commissioner Smith and Secretary Delano, and will not hesitate to express them. It is also believed that Professor Atherton, who has given the subject very careful consideration, and for some time past has been overhauling the files of the Interior Department, will also sign the minority report. The members of the Commission could not say to-day when they would reach a conclusion in regard to the character of the reports, or when they would be made.

The Fast Mail Trains.

Postmaster General Jewell to-day sent the following telegram to Thomas A. Scott:

"Please accept the thanks of the Department for the rapid dispatch of our mails, which was inaugurated on your lines on the 16th inst. No other country except Russia can run postal cars 2,000 or 3,000 miles, or half this distance, at a stretch, without running off the edge. Considering the magnitude of the country, I believe our dispatch of mails is now unequaled."

The Postmaster General also sent a telegram to Wm. H. Vanderbilt, as follows:

"Please accept the thanks of the Post-office Department and of the United States for the facilities you have given it this week. The accuracy, system and speed with which you are now transferring our mails are, I think, unequaled anywhere in the world, and I believe it marks an epoch in our progress. I can already perceive and appreciate the advantages of rapid transportations by responses from our officials and the public from the Atlantic to the Mississippi."

THE FIRE FIEND.

A Block of Buildings in Little Rock, Ark., Laid in Ashes—Destructive Conflagration in Cincinnati.

LITTLE ROCK, September 19.—About three o'clock this morning a fire broke out in the bookstore of Geo. H. Gibbs, in a building near the Anthony House, on the west side. Before it was discovered nearly the entire inside was in flames, which rapidly penetrated the roof and spread over adjoining stores between that and the Anthony House. In a short time the jewelry store of Bernays & Poeck, the wholesale drug house of Lincoln & Co., and a restaurant, French & Sons', were in flames. The engines were all promptly on the ground, and at this point it was thought the fire could be subdued, but the water gave out and the flames leaped over to the Anthony House, and soon the single roof of that building was on fire. It rapidly spread throughout the building, which occupies about one hundred and fifty feet front on Markham street, and all efforts to save it were futile. The falling walls of the last crushed in a small brick adjoining, occupied as a jewelry store by H. C. Clom. The entire block from Pollock & Co.'s, adjoining the Stoddard Bank building on Swain street, to the intersection of Scott street on the east, with the exception of a small brick, is now one mass of ruins. It is impossible to estimate the loss at this time. There was no insurance on any buildings. Very little furniture in the Anthony House was saved. The loss of the proprietors, Glendennin & Peay, is estimated at $30,000; no insurance. The losses of Lincoln & Co., who saved most of their drugs, Geo. H. Gibbs and the others, is not yet known. The buildings were all very old, the Anthony House having been built in 1838. Bernays & Poeck were repairing their store at the time. They had no stock in it. Wilshire & Allen's law office was just over this store. They lost most of their library. Several other offices were located in this building. All the occupants lost more or less of furniture, books, etc.

At Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 19.—A destructive fire was discovered at 6:30 A. M. in the fifth story of Barber & Stout's manufactory, 32 and 34 Main street, which entirely destroyed that building and contents. Fridburg & Workum's distillery, adjoining on the south, was damaged by fire in the upper story to the extent of probably $1,000; fully insured. The stock of whisky on that floor was considerably damaged by water, as the bungs were out of the barrels. The wall between their building and Barber & Stout's being deemed unsafe, the former firm endeavored to remove the stock in the upper stories. Chief Engineer Melbrue afterwards ordered the men away from it. The wall is gradually bulging out, and may fall at any moment, and thus materially increase the loss of that firm. The store next, north of Barber & Stout's, was occupied by Galway, Semple & Co., stoves and castings. The stock was damaged probably $5,000 by water; insured. A portion of the division wall of this building fell into the ruins of the tobacco factory, and their building is now deemed insecure. The building was owned by R. H. Springer, whose loss is estimated at from $10,000 to $12,000; insured. Barber & Stout lose on the building, stock and machinery from $75,000 to $80,000; insurance $45,000.

The following is the insurance on Barber & Stout's Globe Tobacco Works: On building—St. Nicholas of New York, Clay of Newport, Farmers and Drovers of Kentucky, and Franklin of Ohio, $3,000 each; on machinery—Peoples of Memphis, Brewers of Milwaukee, Millville of New Jersey, and Amazon of Cincinnati, $1,000 each; Rochester, $600; Rochester (German), $400; Merchants of Newark, New Jersey, $2,500; Hartford Inspective Company, $1,500; on stock—Lancaster, Pa., $2,500; Peoples of Memphis, $1,500; Farmers of York, Pa., $3,500; Allemania of Pittsburgh, $3,000; Farmers and Drovers of Kentucky, $2,000; Brewers of Milwaukee, $1,500; Millville of New Jersey, $1,500; Rochester, N. Y., $900; Rochester (German), $900; Hibernian of Cleveland, $2,500; Hartford Inspective, $500; in local companies $12,500; total on building, machinery and stock $53,500.

THE INDIAN COUNCIL.

Preparations to Begin the Negotiations—The Site for Holding the Council Selected—Safety of Major Saville.

RED CLOUD AGENCY, NEB., September 15, *via* CHEYENNE, WY., September 18.—Major Saville, whose prolonged absence from the agency was mentioned in these dispatches yesterday morning, he having gone to the Cheyenne camp the preceding morning, expecting to return that evening, came in all right yesterday. He explained his absence by saying he had found the camp several miles further from the agency than he had anticipated, consequently he could not reach home in the time he expected.

Gen. Terry is expected here to-day, or to-morrow at the farthest. The council may begin on Friday, but it is hardly probable. The Indians are all moving up from the Spotted Tail Agency, encamping on the White Earth river in the vicinity of Crow Butte, within two miles of which the council ground has been selected by the commissioners.

Dr. Daniels, ex-Indian Agent of this agency, who has general supervision of the commission in the matter of furnishing transportation, supplies, &c., leaves for Cheyenne to-day. He will be gone eight days.

SEASONABLE SPORTS.

Cricket at Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—In a cricket match to-day between British officers and Canadian clubs, the result was: British, 353; Canadian, 290. A match between British officers and Americans begun soon afterwards, and at the close of the play to-day the Americans scored 173. The game will be resumed on Monday.

Base Ball.

CINCINNATI, September 18.—Cincinnati Reds, 12; St. Louis Browns, 9. Eight innings were played. The Browns declined to play the ninth inning, claiming an unfair decision by the umpire.

CHICAGO, September 18.—Chicagos, 13; Hartfords, 3.

CHARLIE ROSS.

The Trial of Westervelt for Alleged Kidnapping—The Case Submitted to the Jury.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.— Ford Ote, of the counsel for Westervelt, commenced his address to the jury this morning, and characterized the manner in which Westervelt's presence in Philadelphia had been secured in April last as kidnapping.

The jury went out at six P. M., and returned to ask the Judge if they were at liberty to bring in a verdict of guilty on one only, or all the five counts of the indictment. The Judge responded that they might convict on one count only, or all, and they retired again.

SECOND EDITION

THE EQUINOCTIAL STORM.

The City of Galveston Partly Flooded.

Great Destruction of Buildings and Shipping.

Serious Damage in Other Parts of Texas.

A Town in New Mexico Nearly Destroyed by a Waterspout.

NEW ORLEANS, September 18.—Telegrams from Pascogoula, Ocean Springs, Biloxi, Mississippi City Pass, Christian Bay and St. Louis report heavy winds prevailing since Wednesday, but doing no serious damage. There has been no communication for sixty hours with Galveston.

CORSICANA, TEXAS, September 18.—A wind and rain storm from the north set in here at 10 o'clock on Thursday night, lasting until yesterday. The rain extended from south of Dallas to the coast. Some little cotton was blown out, but no great damage was done to the crops in this section. Telegraphic communication with Houston, both by the Central and Great Northern roads, is broken, but Houston Friday evening messages received here this morning, report the storm still raging there and at Galveston on Thursday last. The Galveston *News* reported that on Wednesday night the velocity of the wind there was fifty miles an hour, and increasing. The Galveston & Santa Fe Railroad bridge is washed away, and the Galveston & Houston bridge broken, but part of it is still seen extending from the mainland. The water extends three miles inland, being higher than in 1867, and the latest from the highland station at 4 P. M., on Thursday, reports the wind a hurricane, and doing a great deal of damage in the city and at Harrisburg. The water was within twenty inches of the top of the Navigation Company's wharf on Thursday forenoon, and rising an inch an hour. Grave apprehensions exist in Houston of serious disaster in Galveston.

A train broke through a bridge thirty miles above Corsicana last night, destroying thirteen loaded cars and stopping traffic. The bridge and track will be repaired and communication opened to-morrow (Sunday) evening.

At Lyons the country is flooded to a depth of three feet, which is five feet higher than the flood of 1867. A boat sent from Brashear to the relief of the people on Shell Island returned last night, during a lull in the storm, and brought all off. When she left the water covered the island to a depth of three feet, and was rising. Similar reports come from other points along the western coast, which partially confirms the rumors that Galveston is under water.

ST. LOUIS, September 18.—The following dispatch in regard to the condition of affairs at Galveston was forwarded this evening:

"General Anson Stager, General Superintendent W. U. Tel. Co.—I got to Houston about 5 P. M. over the International road. The wires are down in all directions from there. At 7:30 P. M. I got one wire working to Galveston. From all I can learn the two mile railroad bridge over the bay is badly broken in several places. One break is estimated at one hundred and fifty feet wide, where two schooners had broken through. A terrific storm prevailed yesterday and for several days past. Fifteen or sixteen men who were at work on the breakwater are reported lost. Also the health officer of the city is missing. The damage is immense in property. We have engines and men out in all directions repairing wires.

"R. C. CLOWSEY,
"Assistant General Superintendent."

NEW ORLEANS, September 18.—The Galveston wires commenced working at a late hour to-night. The damage by the storm is not so serious as apprehended. Dr. Peet, health officer at the boarding station, and some laborers on the breakwater are reported missing. No loss of life is reported in the city.

Later Accounts.

NEW ORLEANS, September 19.—The following was received at 1 o'clock last night.

GALVESTON, September 18.—There has been a storm since the 15th. The water is high, but very little damage has been done to property or shipping. Only two lives were lost, and these were at the extreme Eastern point of the island, exposed to the full force of the storm. The railroads are only slightly damaged. It is expected trains will be running in a day or two.

ST. LOUIS, September 19.—A Galveston special to the *Globe-Democrat* of this morning says: The storm which commenced on Wednesday continued to rage with great violence until late Friday night. The water from the Gulf of Mexico overflowed half of Galveston Island, knocking down some hundred small tenements, uprooting several churches and residences, knocking down signs, awnings and other hangings. The water is on the principal streets. The Strand market was several times two feet deep under water. Three large schooners lying in the harbor were swamped, and one steamboat and two tugs sunk, one being completely demolished. One of Morgan's steamships was driven against the wharf, but was only slightly damaged. One large English bark was forced from its moorings and driven ashore. One schooner is forty feet on land.

Some ten men working on the breakwater at the bar were drowned. The health officer, Dr. G. W. Peet, and his grandson, are drowned. His house was carried off. One negroe woman was killed by the house falling, after having floated fifty feet. The railroad track is torn up in twenty places on the island. The bridge is partially destroyed. Culverts on both roads are washed out, and the damage is various, estimated at from $100,000 to $200,000.

The storm was a regular cyclone, but the wind was not very heavy, though the water was higher than during the great storms of 1867 and 1811, at eleven o'clock last night the wind got to the northwest and it began to leave both the bay and streets. To-day all is dry and pleasant in appearance.

A committee has been organized for the relief of sufferers, who were principally residents on the gulf side and the bay shore. All the telegraph lines have been down till to-night. The storm extended to Hempstead, on the Texas Central, and Willis, on the great Northern road, doing damage along the entire route, including the city of Houston. No mails arrived for three days, and there has been no telegraphic communication till this evening, when one wire began to work. The loss by the storm will not aggregate nearly so much as was anticipated the wind having been very steady. The shipping particularly has escaped damage far beyond expectation.

NEW ORLEANS, September 19.—Telegraph communication with Galveston is still interrupted. A steamer arrived from Brashear to-day, bringing passengers and files of Galveston papers to the 18th, Saturday morning, containing long accounts of the storm, incidents, etc. The storm was severe. Buildings were unroofed, trees and fences blown down, streets, bridges, wharfs, &c., badly damaged and several small houses washed away. Passengers report that from one-half to three-fourths of Galveston Island was submerged, and estimate the damage at not less than a million dollars. Only two lives were lost in the city and two in the bay—Dr. Peet and his nephew, who were at the boarding station, which was carried away.

GALVESTON, September 19.—During the storm on the 17th the steamship Australian, loading with cotton for Liverpool, went to sea from the outer roads, and was driven ashore at St. Bernard, sixty miles west of here. Her surgeon and mate arrived today and report the vessel drawing seven feet of water. No lives were lost.

The bark Edward McDowell, which was discharging at the wharf, was blown over on the point of Pelican Island, in Galveston bay, and is now aground in eight feet of water. It is thought she will be gotten off with slight damage.

The Bayou steamer Beardstown was driven from the wharf, broken to pieces, and is a total wreck. A number of her crew are reported lost.

Dr. G. W. Peet, health officer of the port, was at the quarantine station with his family on the evening of the 15th. He sent his family to the city, except a little grandson remaining with him at the station. On the evening of the 16th the storm increased, and the water rose rapidly, carrying away the buildings, and the last seen of Dr. Peet and the little boy they were in the old fort, a short distance from the quarantine station. No tidings have been as yet received of them, and it is supposed both were lost.

The Government buildings, with all the materials, on the land, which was being used in the construction of gabions for the harbor improvements, were swept away. A number of men employed on the works came to the city on the 15th, and when the water carried away the building twenty-seven men clung to the piling through the night and escaped. Two were saved by tugs, but the following morning dwelling houses on the east part of the island and along the beach on the south side were considerably damaged by water, the houses blown down and washed off.

In the central and business portion of the city very little damage was done. It is estimated that $20,000 will cover all loses to property. Very little damage was done to the bay ridge. Many telegraph poles were blown down. The railroads are badly broken on the island, culverts gone and tracks washed off. The bridge stands with the exception of one hundred yards of stringers, and the iron piling remains. It will be several days before it can be repaired and trains resume. The damage above on the bay and bayous is reported very great. Commodore Morgan's fleet of dredge boats is reported driven ashore and a number wrecked. At Harrisburg and Houston there was a terrific gale, and the water was driven up from the bay higher than ever known before hundreds of miles to the north along the entire Texas coast. It is feared damage was done at Indianola and western ports.

ST. LOUIS, September 19.—A dispatch from engineer E. L. Carthill, dated South Pass Jetties, yesterday, to Capt. James B. Eads, says the storm still continues furiously, but no damage has been done to the work except the wrecking of one floating mattrass and the loss of a few piles and one small flat-boat. Everything is ready for rapid work when the storm abates.

The Storm in New Mexico.

SANTA FE, September 19.—Tremendous storms have prevailed all through New Mexico for the past ten days, and the town of Las Cruces was nearly destroyed by the bursting of what is called a water spout. Much damage is already done to the wheat crop by the continued wet weather.

West Virginia's New Capitol.

Laying of the Corner Stone of the New State House at Wheeling—Imposing Ceremonies by the Masonic Order—10,000 People in Attendance.

WHEELING, W. VA., September 19.—The corner stone of the new Capitol of this State was laid yesterday in this city, with appropriate and imposing Masonic rites. Business houses were closed during the afternoon. An immense procession, consisting of Knights Templar, Masonic lodges, the Grand Lodge of West Virginia, Governor Jacob and State officers, Judges of the several courts, City Council and municipal officers, county officers, the entire fire department, and citizens in coaches, on foot, inaugurated the ceremonies. Houses were gaily decorated, and the streets lined with spectators. Grand Master White, of this State, laid the stone, and then addressed the assemblage, at the close of which an ode was sung by a choir of three hundred persons. Addresses were made by Governor Jacob and others. Over ten thousand people assembled to witness the ceremonies.

I. O. O. F.

Annual Meeting of the Grand Lodge of the United States in Indianapolis To-day.

INDIANAPOLIS, September 18.—The Grand Lodge I. O. O. F. of the United States will convene in annual session here on Monday at 9 o'clock A. M. About sixty representatives arrived to-day, among whom are the venerable Grand Secretary, Jas. L. Ridgley; Past Grand Sires Sanders, of New York, Stewart, of Washington, and Stokes, of Pennsylvania; Representatives Grand Master V. Harlan, of California, Medale and St. John, of New York, Fitzhugh and Robinson, of Virginia, and Glenn, of Georgia; Grand Treasurer, Gallmann, of Baltimore, and Assistant Grand Secretary Ross, of Baltimore. The Grand Lodge and Grand Encampment will give the representatives a public reception on Monday at 3 o'clock P. M., at which addresses of welcome will be made by Governor Hendricks, Mayor Caven, Senator Morton, and Hon. Schuyler Colfax.

THE WEATHER.

OFFICE OF THE OBSERVER,
UNITED STATES SIGNAL SERVICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 20, 1875—1 A. M.

Probabilities for To-day.

For New England and the northern portion of the Middle States, light rain, followed by partly cloudy and slightly warmer weather, easterly to southerly winds, and falling barometer during the day.

For the southern and western portion of the Middle States, generally clear weather, slight rise of temperature, southerly to westerly winds, and slowly rising barometer.

British Naval Officers in Rhode Island.

NEWPORT, R. I., September 18.—Her British Majesty's ship Bellerophon, bearing the flag of Admiral George Grenville Welleley, commanding the North American squadron, arrived here this morning. As she let go her anchor she saluted the American flag with twenty-one guns, after which Fort Adams, by order of the commandant, General H. J. Hunt, returned the salute with fifteen guns. The Torpedo station, by order of the commandant, Breeze, saluted Admiral Wellesley with fifteen guns, which was returned by the Bellerophon. The Admiral landed, and was received by Mayor Slocum, Captain Jones, of the British legation, and a committee of the City Council and Summer residents. The Mayor delivered an address of welcome, to which the Admiral replied. The programme of the entertainment includes an old-fashioned Rhode Island clambake on Monday, and a ball and supper at the Ocean House on Wednesday night.

Lawlessness in Nebraska.

OMAHA, September 18.—A dispatch from Kearney Junction says a party of about twenty Texan herders came into that town and camped on the Platte at the bridge. During the night their horses got into the cornfield of Mr. Collins. He took up the horses, and this morning they came up and paid the damages. Soon after words arose, a fight took place, and Collins five times, killing him almost instantly. The citizens have organized and are in pursuit of the Texans.

LATER.—All the Texans but two have been captured, and are now in jail at Kearney Junction. It is probable they will be lynched.

The Chicago Exposition.

CHICAGO, Ills., September 18.—The present week has been the most successful one that the Exposition has had this year. To-day over 20,000 persons have visited its vast halls, many of them attracted doubtless by a rumor that President Grant would visit the building. The fruit display is hardly so great as during the sessions of the Pomological Convention, but other departments have received additions until no more space is left for late applicants. The management have no more to ask for either in the way of attendance or display.

Marine News.

LONDON, September 18.—The steamships Assyria, Arragon and Italy have arrived out.

NEW YORK, September 18.—Arrived—The steamship Celtic, from Liverpool.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 19.—Arrived—The ship Osceola, from Boston.

PLYMOUTH, September 19.—The steamer Frisia, from New York, has arrived.

NEW YORK, September 19.—Arrived—The steamers Wisconsin and Spain, from Liverpool, and Maas, from Rotterdam.

The Irrepressible Welsh.

PHILADELPHIA, September 18.—The last letter of the Welsh series will be published on Monday. It invokes the aid of the law to convict Delano, Cowan and Smith of criminal misdemeanor, by violating the law. Suggestions are made as to the future administration of the Indian service, and considering reformation in that department assured by the resolve of the press and people. The letter pleads for other reforms, to relieve a tax-oppressed people.

The Steamer Florence Lee Sunk.

CAIRO, September 19.—The Florence Lee sunk in the Tennessee river, fifteen miles above Paducah. The water is five inches over the main deck. She lies straight, and can be raised.

WATER WORKS.

The First in the United States.

The first water works in the United States appear to have been planned and constructed by Mr. J. C. Christensen at Bethlehem, Pa., more than a century ago, namely, in 1762. The machinery consisted of three single-acting force pumps, four-inch calibre and eighteen-inch stroke, worked by a triple crank, and geared to the shaft of an undershot water-wheel eighteen feet in diameter and two feet clear in the buckets. The total head of water was two feet. On the water-wheel shaft was a wallower of thirty-three rounds, gearing into a spur-wheel of fifty-two cogs, attached to the crank. The three piston rods were attached each to a frame or cross-head working in grooves, to give them a parallel motion with the pump. The cross-head was of wood, as well as the parts containing the grooves as guides. The water was raised by this machinery to the height of 70 feet, and subsequently to 114. The first rising main was made of gum wood, as far as it was subject to great pressure, and the rest was of pitch pine. In 1786 leaden pipes were substituted; in 1813 they were changed for iron. These works were in operation as late as 1832.

In the churchyard at Tolland, Cornwall, 8,000 bodies have been interred in half an acre of ground. Repeated burials have raised the soil till the church appears to be situated in a pit; a horrible slime oozes from the graves in the higher part of the yard and trickles upon the floor of the church; disinfectants have to be provided for the bell ringers, and on several occasions the congregation has had to withdraw, so fetid was the atmosphere.

THE LATEST NEWS.

Condensed Telegrams from All Quarters.

—President and Mrs. Grant have returned to Long Branch.

—The two daily papers of Savannah, Georgia, have consolidated.

—J. H. & W. Hilton, furniture dealers, of Montreal, have suspended.

—To-day the fall racing commences over the track of the Louisville Jockey Club.

—Clara Morris has arrived in New York from Europe, slightly improved in health.

—Four boys out sailing at Toronto, on Saturday, were drowned by the upsetting of their boat.

—Postmaster Burt, of Boston, has been removed, and Edward C. Tobey appointed in his place.

—During a storm at River Duloup Que, Can., on Saturday, twelve inches of snow fell, and much damage was done to fruit.

—Nearly complete returns from New Mexico indicate that Hon. S. B. Elkins was elected as delegate by about 1,500 majority.

—At Ft. Stanton, N. M., a few days since, an old fued between John H. Reilly and Juan Patron resulted in the fatal shooting of the latter.

—The manufacturers of Fall River, Mass., have decided to open their mills on the 27th at reduced prices, imposing certain conditions upon operatives.

—The two races at Mystic Park, Boston, were undecided on Saturday. They will be finished to-day. Goldsmith Maid will not make a further attempt to beat her record, and has gone West.

—Dr. Wm. Meyer, having declined the nomination for State Senator on the Democratic ticket, in Cleveland, Hon. Harvey Rice has been selected to fill the place on the ticket. Mr. Rice has consented to run.

—The steamer Maas reports that she spoke the steamer Ethiopia, from Glasgow for New York, in latitude 44 50, longitude 47 40, with a shaft broken, and under sail. The weather was calm. She wanted no assistance.

—A. J. Case, of Hartford, Conn., a traveling salesman for Hunt, Holbrook & Barbour, committed suicide by taking chloral in Cincinnati last Friday night. Despondency, occasioned by falling eyesight, caused the act.

—The creditors of Lee, Shepard & Dillingham, booksellers of New York, have made an agreement with the firm to accept seventy cents on the dollar, to be paid in three instalments, at six, twelve and eighteen months, without interest.

—The Pope has appointed Cardinal McCloskey a member of Congregations on Index, Sacred Rites and Bishops and Regulars. Another consistory will be held on the 23d instant, when twelve additional Bishops will be appointed.

—Hon. Carl Schurz will make nine speeches in Ohio during this campaign in favor of a sound currency. The first will be made in Cincinnati, on Monday evening, September 27th, in response to an invitation from merchants of that city.

—All the members of the Cabinet are now in Washington, except Secretaries Fish and Robeson. Although the President will vacate his cottage at Long Branch this week, he may, before returning to Washington, visit his farm near St. Louis.

—The body of Rev. F. T. Tolby, a Methodist minister for Cimarron and Elizabethtown, N. M., was found between Cimarron and Elizabethtown. He had been shot through the breast. His horse was found tied to a tree a short distance from the body.

—A dispatch from Pine Hill, Ky., reports the death of Jesse James, wounded there several days ago when with the gang who robbed the Huntington (W. Va.) Bank. James was well known throughout the country as a notorious Missouri outlaw, whose depredations produced much excitement some time ago.

—James M. Longborough, Land Commissioner of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain & Southern Railway, has invited the members of the press of all Western States to join in an excursion through Arkansas, for which purpose a train of Pullman cars will leave St. Louis on Tuesday evening, September 28th, and be absent three or four days.

—The funeral of Hon. Henry T. Blow took place at his residence in Carondolet, near St. Louis, on Saturday, and was attended by many hundred citizens of all classes and conditions. No funeral has taken place there for years at which so many old and prominent residents were present and at which such general and sincere grief was manifested.

—An adjourned meeting of the Executive Committee of the National Union party was held in Baltimore on Saturday. A special committee reported an address to the voters of Maryland, which was adopted. It deprecates the present condition of things and calls upon the people to vote independently for the best men and best principles. A committee was appointed to consider the expediency of holding a State Convention on the 30th.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Deeds Filed for Record.

The following transfers of real estate have been placed on file in the Recorder's office since our last report:

John R. Sheriff et ux. to James A. Painter, August 19, 1872; lot in Elizabeth township. Price $400

Edward McKidowney et ux. to Kate Wilson, July 13, 1875; lot in Thirteenth ward, on Race street. Price $2,300

Elias Bennett et ux. to Sarah Wise, September 14, 1875; 31 perches in East Deer township. Price $200

Philip Wise et ux. to Elias Bennett, September 14, 1875; lot in East Deer township. Price $200

Right Of Domestic et ux. to Patrick McBride, January 20, 1875; lot in Eleventh ward, on Pasture alley. Price $1,600

Patrick McBride to Mrs. Anna O'Donnell, January 20, 1875; same lot as above. Price $1,000

Robert Dickson et ux. to Charles Meyran et al., June 10, 1875; certain lot in Seventeenth ward. Consideration $1

Owen Davis et ux. to George R. Rodgers, October 1, 1874; lot in Sharpsburg. Price $7,000

George R. Rodgers to Jane Davis, February 25, 1875; same as above. Price $7,000

Elizabeth Smith to John Larenz, September 15, 1875; lot in Ormsby borough. Price $1,000

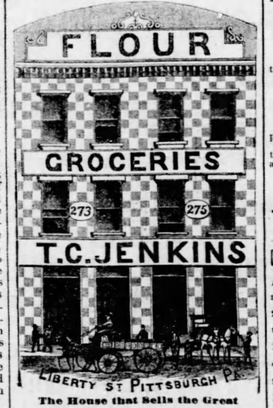
On the morning of the 29th inst. there will be an eclipse of the sun, which will be partially visible in this latitude. This will only be for about an hour after sunrise, however, and the show will be over a few minutes before seven o'clock.

A VERY handsome mulatto boy, sixteen years old, has eloped with the matron of a white family in Wilmington, N. C., in which he was a servant. The woman is forty years old, and has some money.

Iron City College, corner Penn avenue and Sixth street, now in session. Students received at any time. For circulars call or address J. C. Smith, A. M., Principal.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

CHECKERED FRONT.



The House that Sells the Great

WHITE RIVER FLOUR,

The Best Flour

For the Money in the United States.

FULL AND COMPLETE LINE

GROCERIES.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FALL TRADE!

M'CORD & CO.

DEALERS IN

Hats, Caps, Furs, and Ladies' Trimmed Hats.

Our Stock is the Largest in the City, comprising Every Style and Grade. WHOLESALE AND RETAIL BUYERS will find no better or cheaper goods in the Market. Please call and examine.

Youman's Fifth Avenue Hats.

Elegant Style in Soft Goods.

McCORD & CO., 131 No. Wood Street.

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS.

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT.

(SEAL)

AUDIT NOTICE.

CREDITORS' HEIRS.

Accountants and all other persons interested are hereby notified that at an ORPHANS' COURT, to be held at Pittsburgh, in and for said county, commencing MONDAY, the 18th day of October, A. D. 1875, at 10 o'clock, A. M., the following accounts will be taken up, audited, and distribution made according to law, at which time and place you will please attend.

SEPTEMBER TERM, 1875.

List. Term. No.	No.	ESTATE OF	ACCOUNTANTS.
1	2.	Wm. Robinson, Sr., dec'd	William H. Shoenberger.
2	3.	Joseph Nixon, dec'd	J. N. Jordon.
3	6.	Rebecca Noble, dec'd	W. P. Beatty.
4	9.	Anna M. Larimer, dec'd	S. A. Phillips.
5	10.	Maria Fluegel, dec'd	George Scheidelle et al.
6	12.	Thomas Davison, dec'd	John S. Davison.
7	13.	Wm. McNally, dec'd	Dr. E. Donnelly.
8	14.	John G. Kelso, dec'd	M. B. Kelso.
9	17.	David Nease, dec'd	H. B. Nease.
10	18.	Wm. Phillips, dec'd	R. B. Phillips and A. P. Lyon.
11	19.	Thomas Deady, dec'd	Johanna Deady.
12	23.	John Tee, dec'd	John Biggert.
13	24.	R. D. Cochran, dec'd	G. W. Cochran and Alexander Nimick.
14	28.	Henry E. Roehm	Henry E. Roehm.
15	31.	John Lyon, dec'd	William M. Lyon.
16	33.	Michael Leahy, dec'd	John Kirk.
17	34.	Caroline Ormsby, dec'd	Hill Burgwin.
18	38.	Robert

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING.....N. P. REED,
E. P. HOUSTON.....D. L. FLEMING,
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

TERMS FOR 1875.

DAILY GAZETTE:
POSTAGE PREPAID.

By Mail for one month	$1 00
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By Mail for three months	2 50
By Mail for one month	1 00
By the week, to Pubs. to Agents or Carrier	15

All remittances should be made by Express or in Money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

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Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest Express office, in order that there may be no mistakes in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies, free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1875.

Republican State Nominations.

FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN F. HARTRANFT.
FOR STATE TREASURER,
HENRY RAWLE.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF,
RICHARD H. FIFE.
FOR CONTROLLER,
HENRY WARNER.
FOR COUNTY TREASURER,
JAMES G. MURRAY.
FOR RECORDER,
RALPH J. RICHARDSON.
FOR REGISTER,
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR CLERK OF THE COURTS,
WILLIAM McCLEARY.
FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONERS,
JOHN McCLELLAND.
AUGUSTUS BECKERT.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR,
JAMES W. BELL.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 27¾.

BONDS at Frankfort, new 5s, 100¼.

GOLD closed in New York Saturday at 116¼.

IN New York both political parties have nominated unexceptionable tickets. JOHN BIGELOW, at the head of the Democratic ticket, was offered a place on the Republican ticket. It is, there, a question of party record and strength, not of platform avowals, or of candidates.

THE farmers of this Commonwealth should remember, that when the Republican party, in 1860, arranged, at the recommendation of a Republican State Treasurer, to repeal the tax on real estate, PERSHING, then a member of the Legislature, *dodged*, thus illustrating his hostility to the repeal. This is provable from the records.

IT has been proven that Sam Cary, the Democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor of Ohio, who denounces so vigorously the "coupon-clippers," has $25,500 in United States bonds, received as his share of a divide on a postoffice site. He put the money in United States bonds, to avoid being taxed, as he declared. Those postoffice site sales are, occasionally queer transactions.

THE wisdom of the wild and random assertions made occasionally by our temperance friends, under the impression that severity is strength, never seemed to us very great. The Mayor of Philadelphia was freely denounced by one of this sort a short time since, and promptly sent to the gentleman for his authority for his statements. Of course he skulked out of them, neither admitting nor denying.

THE German army has been exercising, on a grand scale, and under the inspection of the Emperor WILLIAM and General VON MOLTKE. The display was very fine, and the war maneuvres very much like real war. The valley of the Oder, and the scene of BLUCHER'S victory over MACDONALD in 1813, was the point selected for the display. The Emperor was full of enthusiasm, and the exercises were a fine success.

THE WESTERVELT case was summed up and given to the jury on Saturday. The witnesses offered in rebuttal of WESTERVELT'S testimony clearly convicted him of falsehood as to his whereabouts at a given time. From an inquiry addressed by the jury to the Judge as to the effect, as regards sentence, of finding him guilty on the several charges, we judge there is a tendency to convict, on at least some points in the indictment. The verdict will probably be rendered to-day.

THE Republican State Central Committee held a large and harmonious meeting at Harrisburg on Thursday last. Nearly every county in the State was represented, and the members gave the most encouraging reports of the political situation in every portion of the Commonwealth. The committee was unanimous in the belief that all that is necessary to secure victory to the Republican party in November is to inaugurate an active campaign and work together with a will for the whole ticket.

THE *New York Tribune* has a very elaborate communicated article on city, county, and State indebtedness. It estimates that these aggregated, in this country, in 1870, $868,676,568; in 1875, it had risen to $1,331,276,517. New York is put, in 1870, at $54,436,180, and now at $157,518,391,—or about $160, for each person in its population. This city is put at $4,042,619 in 1870, and $7,527,801 now,—or about $70 to each person. New York increased its debt nearly two hundred per cent.; Pittsburgh about seventy-five per cent. One is under Democratic, the other under Republican rule.

THE Republicans of Altoona have started out for a vigorous canvass, with fine prospects for success. They held a meeting on Saturday night, earnest, enthusiastic, and excellent in its probable results. Our impression is that the county organization is not as well made as it should be, but they are working in that direction. There is a very positive assurance of satisfactory results, but we urge our people everywhere that vigorous, detailed, and even minute organization is the grand essential this year. There should be a general canvass of every voter in every county in the Commonwealth. This done, our victory will astonish, by its magnitude, even the most hopeful.

THE safe and rapid passage of the United States steamer "Tennessee" through the Suez canal again attracts the attention of the people of this country to the importance of a canal across the Isthmus of Darien. Were it not for the rapid transit of goods across the continent by means of the Pacific Railroad, this enterprise would be urgently pressed. We are slow to make preparations for warlike contingencies, being unlike England in this respect. She has long held Gibraltar, which guards the entrance to the Mediterranean, and holds Malta, which, on one side, commands the Suez canal. On the Red Sea side of the canal she has Aden, which has been unpoetically described as a little nearer perdition than any point on earth. Thus, all the advantages, in a warlike sense, in rapidly reaching India, by way of the Suez canal, she controls. We, with a canal across the Isthmus of Darien, would be equally well situated. The canal ought, too, to be at least equally valuable, in a commercial sense, with that of Suez.

WE HAVE received the Cincinnati Exposition Art Catalogue, giving an account of something over two hundred pictures on exhibition there. In tracing the source from which they came, we find that more were loaned by Pennsylvania parties, chiefly Philadelphians, than came from any other one source. This proves that the people of this State are not defective in artistic taste. It is the belief of those who have the management of our Exposition, that we have in Pittsburgh, a far greater amount of artistic taste, and number of first class artists, than has been at all suspected. They therefore have appealed, through the fraternity of artists, for the loan of a liberal number of paintings, which will be catalogued and the name of the person loaning published. Our artists are engaged in friendly rivalry, and while the fateness of time when the Art department became a certainty, does not permit their doing justice to themselves, their display will be attractive and highly meritorious. We hope the utmost readiness will be manifested by those having Art treasures to aid in proving that if we do delve in iron and glass, we appreciate and possess one share of the treasure of art, and have real artists among us.

THE Harrisburg *Telegraph* is doing good service in looking up the record of PERSHING in the Legislature, on national questions. The Copperheadism of that eminent gentleman has been inferentially denied by several "Independent" papers, that are attempting to straddle the fence just now. But the Pottsville *Chronicle* has the boldness to openly deny it, and the *Telegraph* fastens the evidence down on PERSHING after the following style: "On page 886 of the *Legislative Record* of 1863, we find the following: "Agreeably to order the House resumed the consideration of the following joint resolutions on the state of the country:" * * "Resolved, by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met," * * * "*Fourth.* That this General Assembly, in the exercise of its right to differ with the Federal Executive, enters its *solemn protest* against the proclamation of the President of the United States, dated the first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and sixty-three, *by which he assumes to emancipate slaves* in certain States, *holding the same to be unwise*, UNCONSTITUTIONAL and VOID." The previous question having been called on a proposition by Mr. JACKSON, of Sullivan, to go into committee for the purpose of special amendment, the Speaker said, "Shall the main question now be put?" The yeas and nays were required by Mr. BENEDICT and Mr. HARVEY, and were: Yeas, 50; nays, 44. PERSHING *voting yea.* (*See Legislative Record* 1863, *page* 886). On the final passage of the resolutions, as amended, "the yeas and nays were demanded by Messrs. VINCENT and CHAMBERS," and were yeas 53, nays 3. The Republicans (save three) abstaining from voting." So it proves, beyond peradventure, that he was a Copperhead,—voting and acting as such. We commend the fact to loyal Democrats, who fought through the war, that the Erie Convention, this year, gave them only Copperheads as candidates.

THE FINANCIAL CONTEST.

It is well, at times, to turn away from the mere partisan aspect of questions, and calmly consider them, in the light of dispassionate criticism, that our judgments may be impartially instructed, and our reason rightly directed. What are the fundamental ideas, that underlie this entire currency agitation? We answer, first, the employment of labor; second, the security of capital; and third, the money that may be employed as the medium of business exchange. In the general discussions, and in even the platforms, in the main, these questions are either jumbled together, or are only partially referred to. In fact, the kind of money to be employed, and its amount, are made the leading questions, while it is, in a sense, secondary; and the employment of labor, and particularly the security of capital, are largely lost sight of. We have held, and still hold, that the subject of first importance is the employment of labor. The true prosperity of the country, in all particulars, centres on this. The work of willing hands develops actual wealth, which is the source of the real prosperity of the country. We are positive in the conviction that under no conceivable circumstances can we have permanent specie resumption until it is based upon the sufficient development of the actual wealth of the country. The reason is palpable. Until we are able to call home, and hold among us, the vast debt we owe abroad, we cannot possibly avoid sending out of the country our gold product to pay interest, and hence cannot accumulate stock sufficient to pay gold in current transactions. France differs from us in just this particular. Her people had a surplus of wealth, and could buy and own the national securities; hence they were able to resume.

It is quite impossible to accurately approximate the number of persons out of employment. We have seen it estimated that one million persons are out of employment, in this country, at this time. If this is true, it represents a daily loss of at least a half million dollars, of actual wealth. Certainly, every laboring man can produce, of actual wealth, at least fifty cents a day,—or, at least $182,000,000 a year. The loss of this much is something; but when we consider that those unemployed are consuming the product of the labor of others, we can readily understand that the annual loss is very great. We do not presume that $200,000,000 would more than represent the loss from unemployed labor, in this country, yearly. Yet in developing labor, capital must be secure. To go forward, in manufactures, in developing mines, or building railroads, where there is not business to justify, is the sure road to general and irretrievable bankruptcy. We are, therefore, compelled to fully consider this, among other phases of the question. What, then, is the root difficulty that makes capital timid and labor scarce. We answer,—*lack of confidence.* How to remedy this is, therefore, the problem of the hour. We fully believe the general sentiment of the country is, that we can only do this by repealing the resumption phase of the act of last Winter.

In place of making this their objective the Democracy have launched out in favor of an unlimited supply of greenbacks,—the very things they once and again declared unconstitutional and worthless. Of course they are bidding for the votes of those who ignorantly think, that if more greenbacks were issued, a portion of them would, in some providential manner, find their way to their pockets. The utter absurdity of all this may be seen from two standpoints: 1. The Government will not *give them away*, even if they are printed; and those who have securities to offer for greenbacks, can get all they want now. 2. Those who work get, now, all they agree to receive for their labor. This is all they would receive in any event. In fact, we have, with business at its present standard, more currency than is employed; consequently, a larger issue will not now affect, favorably, the prosperity of the country. It is the threat of resumption that paralyzes, and this the Republicans of Allegheny county have declared against, while the Democracy have not done this, anywhere. So far as responsibility for the resumption act is concerned, it rests equally with both parties. The Democrats in Congress voted for it, just as Republicans did; and SAM RANDALL, the leading Democrat of Pennsylvania, and the one whose policy and candidates were endorsed and accepted by the Erie Convention, made an earnest speech in favor of the Resumption act.

The policy offered by the Democracy does not promise, therefore, relief from our present evils. In this State, they ignorantly assert that the *contraction feature* of the resumption act works the evil, when in point of fact the resumption act has no contraction feature. It only operates to increase the volume of currency, where it affects it at all. Thus by implication they affirm that it is purely by the increase of the currency that help is to be brought,—while the real remedy is not that, but the repeal of the resumption feature of the act. The Chairman of the Committee on Resolutions, Mr. HUGHES, elaborated the meaning of the resolutions he offered by declaring that the greenbacks we now have, realize their own promise to resume. Thus, according to this eminent financier, the resumption phase of the act of last Winter is well enough, only we have already resumed,—greenbacks having fulfilled all its conditions. In contrast with such ignorance and balderdash are the declarations of Democrats in other States, —New York and Nebraska, notably,—that it is a crime to regard greenbacks as the permanent currency of the country, and that gold and silver are to be used at as early a date as possible.

The Republican party has none of this crooked, disjointed, contradictory and foolish record. Its leaders comprehend the science of finance, and have given the country the identical currency the Democracy now so loudly applaud. They have sought to so protect and guard it, that it should be good under all circumstances. It has stood the test of the panic, proving that it did not occasion the panic. Its firmness and good qualities have drawn toward it the attention and criticism of the public, and the affective and full endorsement of the Democratic party. We are ever ready to rectify errors, and with the repeal of the Resumption phase of the Act of last winter, all will be well. Remember, friends, that safety is in and with the Republican party.

POLITICAL NOTES.

BIDE delegates to the number of 111 have been elected in Boston.

OVER 60,000 Republican voters in Ohio did not vote for Noyes two years ago. They will be at the polls October 12, 1875.

HON. HENDRICK B. WRIGHT, Chairman of the Erie Convention, was appointed Chairman of the Democratic State Central Committee.

PERSHING, Piolette, Patterson, and Prosperity.—*Pittsburgh Post.*

Plenty of Promises and Penury of Pay. —*Johnstown Tribune.*

The Philadelphia *Press* plumped the bull's eye when it said: "Pershing voted four years against his country, while Hartranft was fighting four years for it."

RANSON, the Independent Republican whom the North Carolina Democrats stole for President of the Convention, is rightfully denounced as a traitor by his constituents.

THE latest Presidential ticket is proposed by the Prairie du Chien *Courier* of Wisconsin, and is as follows: For President, Gov. Samuel J. Tilden, of New York; for Vice President, Gov. William R. Taylor, of Wisconsin.

THE Erie Democratic Convention totally ignored the Pennsylvania doctrine of protection to American industry. It croaked in its platform about the general depression, but had not a word to say in behalf of the system under which, with a sound currency, relief alone is to be found.

IN Wayne county the Republicans have put the annexed ticket in the field: Prothonotary, Junius P. Drake; Register and Recorder, William Harris; District Attorney, Charles S. Minor; Commissioners, Francis A. Oppelt and Nelson F. Underwood; Auditors, Phineas G. Goodrich and Darius G. Purdy.

COME UP, Francis Spinner! We suppose the inventive genius of the glorious Democracy can find something against you. That you are old, for instance, and possibly have not the back hair separable from youth, and perhaps no hair on your teeth. But ability and honesty are pretty good things, and they work excellently in the long run.—*Boston Globe.*

THE nomination of Pershing and Piolette does not fall pleasantly upon the Democracy of this county. They wanted Bigler. But when they examine the record of these men and find what they did for the South during the recent war; how they venerated Jeff. Davis and despised Lincoln, they will change their tone and turn in and give the ticket a hearty support. They will receive nearly every Democratic vote in the county, and for that reason should be shunned by every true Republican.—*Indiana Messenger.*

EX-SENATOR FENTON has written as follows to a friend in Albany: "I am gratified that the Saratoga Convention so grandly met the important issues which are now engaging the public attention. The acceptable platform which it adopted was supplemented by an unusually excellent, and in view of the disappearance of causes of difference heretofore existing, and the natural agreement upon the newer questions which are now becoming paramount, I doubt not that the Liberal Republicans and Independents will generally approve of its action."

PERSONAL.

MADAME TERESA TIETJENS, the celebrated songstress, has sailed from London for New York.

GEN. HOOKER was entertained at a banquet at Auburn, N. Y., on Friday, and in the evening held a public reception.

OLIVE LOGAN is incapacitated for literary work for the present by a painful attack of inflammation of the eyes. She is confined to a darkened room and is forbidden by her medical adviser even to read, much less write.

THE largest contribution of money ever made by any one person to the Unitarian denomination in America has been made by Mr. Oliver Ames, of Easton, Mass., in the gift of the handsome stone church lately finished at a cost of about $75,000.

JUDGE R. H. COCHRAN has appealed to the people of Virginia for contributions to the fund for the monument to General George H. Thomas, to be erected in Washington. As the General was a native of Virginia, a liberal contribution is expected.

GOV. SEYMOUR, in a speech to the Army of the Cumberland, made a very happy statement of his own military qualities when he said, "General Grant will admit that in a little contest I had with him he ran a great deal faster and further than I did."

P. P. WINTERMUTE, who killed General E. S. McCook, of Denver, was acquitted by a jury at Vermillion, D. T., on Saturday last, on his return to Yankton, D. T., after his release, was threatened with lynching by a noisy crowd, and was forced to take refuge in the laundry of his hotel, where he was guarded all night by policemen.

COL. D. R. ANTHONY, of Leavenworth, Kansas, has arrived in Rochester, N. Y., on a visit to his friends. The Colonel regards his recovery from his wound as only a question of time, though great care will be required in the future. He proposes to make a brief stay in Rochester and New York, and then return to Leavenworth, and resume the editorial charge of his paper.

MRS. LINCOLN, since her arrival at Springfield, Ill., on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Edwards, has manifested much of her usual cheerfulness, and shows much gratification in meeting old friends, many of whom have called upon her. She rides out frequently, and takes a deep interest in the changes since her former visit to Springfield. Her mind, however, shows no signs of improvement.

ITEMS OF INTEREST.

WM. MACMAHON, proprietor of Deerfoot Park, near Brooklyn, was fatally shot last Friday night.

WHITE & DOUGLASS, produce and commission dealers of New York, have failed. Speculation in hops caused it.

AT Des Moines, during the visit of a circus, $2,342 in money, papers and watches, were the spoil of the pickpockets.

A MINE of honey has been discovered at Cajon Pass, Cali. It is a quarter of a mile long, and contains 1,000 tons of the sweet.

WHEAT fields in the neighborhood of Newbern, N. C., remain unreaped on account of the innumerable rattlesnakes therein.

A GIRL is on trial in London for pawning her engagement ring. She raised fifteen shillings on it the day after her lover gave it to her, whereupon he had her arrested.

WHILE tunneling into the side of Mt. McLellan, Colorado, recently, the explorers came upon ground solidly frozen ninety feet from the surface. The question is how the frost got in, as there was no crevice through which it could enter.

A SMALL yellow-spotted lizard, about four inches long, was found inside a watermelon at Dallas, Texas. Apparently lifeless when taken out, it was soon resuscitated, but lived only a few moments. It had no eyes. It is to go in spirits to the Smithsonian Institution.

WHILE digging a foundation for a new building at Lancaster, on Monday, a number of workmen found Indian remains consisting of skulls, bones, &c. The remains are believed to be those of the Conestoga Indians who were killed at the old jail by the Paxton boys, in 1768.

THERE are tricks in all trades. Some Scotch exhibitors have been detected artificially turning up the horns of the Ayrshire cattle, blowing air beneath their shoulders to increase the girth around the heart, and sewing on false bushy tails. Others exhibiting milch cows have been found feeding them with their own milk sour after it was drawn from them.

THEY organized a balloon ascension for a village festival in France, and the balloonist determined to take up with him his little boy, aged eight. The boy was in the basket and the father was making some final preparations before entering, when the boy cast loose the last cord that held the balloon and went it alone. He has not been heard from since. Gone to join several other balloonists.

THE Cincinnati Zoological Garden opened on Saturday with appropriate ceremonies and with a large number of invited guests in attendance. This garden contains sixty-six acres, is laid out in walks, drives, etc., and has a number of fountains and small lakes. The collection of animals, birds, etc., is the largest in the country, and the various accommodations and appointments are unexcelled.

AMERICAN MACHINERY IN EUROPE.

Showing What a Wilmington Machine Could do in a German Workshop.

The Wilmington *Commercial* has the following: "Some months ago the representative of an extensive firm in this city was in Europe to sell its various machinery, among others a machine for grinding and polishing the chilled-iron calender rolls used in paper-making. In the course of his business tour through Germany he entered the Government shops at Konigsbronn, in Wartemberg, and proposed to sell them one of the machines above mentioned. His offer, however, was refused, the Superintendent saying that they had their own appliances for the purpose, which was entirely satisfactory. 'Well,' asked the Wilmingtonian, 'how rapidly does it perform the work?' He was answered that to dress up and polish a calender roll required, with their machine, about twenty-one days. 'Now,' said he, 'I will bring over my machine; I will set it up; I will put in a calender roll which needs overhauling, and I will grind and polish it perfectly in a single day, or I will give you the machine for nothing.' "This was so astounding, and apparently so wild an offer, that the German closed with it, doubtless believing his visitor had been entirely too rash. The order was sent to Wilmington for a machine, and it was shipped, with a workman from the shops, here, to help put up and run it. In due course of time it reached Koenigsbronn, and was brought to the test. The result was that *in eight hours* a calender roll was perfectly ground to its exact cylindrical proportions, duly published, and was ready to be replaced in the paper machine. Of course the bargain was kept, the machine purchased, and, moreover, a special apartment fitted up for it, to which visitor should not be admitted, in order that the possession of so valuable an appliance might be monopolized as far as possible by the shops at Koenigsbronn."

NEW YORK POLITICS.

Gen. Spinner's Acceptance—His Letter to Mr. Curtis—His Approval of the Republican Resolutions.

Following is Gen. F. E. Spinner's letter to George William Curtis, accepting the Republican nomination for State Controller:

"MOHAWK, Sept. 9, 1875.—DEAR SIR;—Submitting to the force of circumstances, deferring to the advice of friends whose opinions are held in high regard, and acting on the conviction that no man, especially one who has been so many years so kindly and generously treated as I have been, has the right to refuse to serve the public in any capacity when called upon to do so, I have, reluctantly, but with full appreciation of the high honor conferred, concluded to accept the nomination tendered for the Controllership of the State of New York.

"I resigned the Treasurership of the United States after a service of over fourteen years, with the determination never again to accept any official station. I had arranged plans for that coveted peace and quiet rest that I had believed I was entitled to enjoy. But it has been ordered otherwise. Man proposes but God disposes. The resolutions of your Convention challenge my entire approval. In this connection I desire to say, that if the good people of our noble but badly abused State shall see fit to confirm the choice of your Convention in that regard, my best endeavors shall be done to administer the office honestly and faithfully for the best interests of the whole people.

"I have the honor to be, very respectfully, your obedient servant,

(Signed) "F. E. SPINNER.

"Hon. George William Curtis, New York, N. Y."

A KIDNAPPING PANTHER.

A Fourteen Months Old Babe Carried Off.

(From the Houston (Texas) Telegraph.)

Last Monday morning a man and wife, who live about nine miles east of Willis, left home on business, leaving their house in charge of their eldest child, about twelve years of age. Toward noon the girl heard the infant, aged fourteen months, which had been laid while asleep on a bed in an adjoining room, utter a scream. She immediately ran to its relief, and imagine her feelings upon opening the door to see a huge panther, with the babe in its mouth, leaping from an open window, immediately over the bed. She sprang upon the bed and then out of the window, screaming at the height of her voice, and, upon being joined by the other children about the house, pursued the panther at her utmost speed. They followed about forty rods, to a pair of bars which separated the clearing from the forest, at which place the girl says that she approached to within fifteen or twenty feet of the panther, when it relinquished its hold of the child, leaped the bars and made its way to the woods. The infant was picked up, much strangled by the grass and sand which had filled its mouth and eyes, but soon recovered, and is now well, save a few scratches about its body, which have the appearance of having been made by the panther's teeth. These marks are very plain, and there are several blood blisters where the teeth in slipping came in contact. The girl says that the panther dropped the child once before arriving at the fence, and it is supposed the giving way of the clothing was the cause, as it was much torn.

THE MISS WHITBY MURDER.

The Story of a Bloody Shirt.

On the 18th of May last Miss Whitby, living in Montgomery county, about three miles from Phoenixville, was found brutally murdered. Nobody was at home at the time except a boy of eighteen, named Thomas F. Curley, who was arrested on suspicion of having committed the murder. Curley's trial comes off at Norristown in December. He pleads not guilty, and says he was out in the field planting corn with one of the neighbors all day. When he went to dinner at noon there was a tramper at the house wanting a meal which he got. On going back in the evening the boy found the dead body of Miss Whitby, and ran back to the field to give the alarm. He described the tramp, and it is said a man corresponding to the description was traced from the house nearly to West Chester. On the Monday before the murder, Mrs. Nelson Stephens, of West Chester, gave a shirt to a tramper who called at her house, and on Wednesday this shirt was found in Joseph C. Sharpless' orchard, East Goshen. The shirt sleeves were all over blood stains, and the shirt was torn. After leaving this shirt, the tramp came to the house and asked Mrs. Sharpless for a shirt. The description of this man is said to be identical with that given by the boy in regard to the murderer, and Mrs. Sharpless has been subpoened as a witness in the case. The boy's counsel is sanguine that the prisoner's innocence will be proven.—*Independent Phanix.*

THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS.

He is Divorced from His Wife.

The Paris correspondent of the London *Daily News* says: "We have been told from St. Petersburg that the Grand Duke Alexis, son of the Czar, is just divorced, his wife was a German maid of honor, for whom the Empress had a great affection. She was not pretty, I am told, but extraordinarily graceful, and possessed of that fascination which is better gift than beauty. So the Grand Duke fell over head and ears in love, and the lady, confiding in her mistress's affection, undertook to break the news. It was done, and a few hours after the lady found herself traveling at express speed toward the frontier, while the Prince received orders to join his ship. Thus they were separated for a while. But it is hard to control a Prince; harder to rule a sailor, and a sailor prince in love must be worse to hold than quicksilver. The Grand Duke ran away, of course, found the lady, and married her at a village church in Germany. Thence they went to America, where for two years they dwelt in perfect happiness. The Czar, it is said, would not forgive, nor would the Prince humble himself. But the Empress interposed at length, both for her son and her ex-maid of honor. And so, after a time, a reconciliation took place. This week the solemnities of the divorce are all completed; the Grand Duke enters the army, and his widow receives a pension. Seeing she is but twenty-one, she has time for more romantic adventures, but greater she can scarcely hope for.

The Cotton Crop

The National Cotton Exchange is enabled to furnish interesting statistics for the crop year, which ended on the 31st of August. It shows the following:

Receipts at the ports, bales	3,509,691
Sent overland	191,604
Consumed at the South	126,550
Total crop, bales	3,827,845

The exports to foreign ports were 2,674,448 bales, against 2,840,981 in 1873–74, a falling off of 166,533 from that year, and 5,538 less than in 1872–73.

The home consumption, including the above 126,550 bales at the South, was 1,200,473 bales. The consumption has run for the last five years as follows:

	North.	*South.*	*Total.*
1870–71	1,072,426	94,542	1,166,968
1871–72	1,007,540	130,000	1,137,540
1872–73	1,063,465	137,662	1,201,127
1873–74	1,192,563	128,526	1,321,089
1874–75	1,073,923	126,550	1,200,473

The total growth marketed for the same five years ran as follows:

	Bales.		*Bales.*
1870–71	4,347,000	1873–74	4,170,388
1871–72	2,974,351	1874–75	3,827,845
1872–73	3,930,509		

CHARLEY ROSS ALIVE!

What Will be Secured by Westervelt's Conviction.

We are in receipt, from an undoubted authority, of information which indicates positively that Charley Ross is known to be still alive, and that there is a strong probability of his being shortly recovered. The gist of this information is that the prosecution in the Westervelt case have withheld some important evidence in furtherance of a plan which promises to restore the lost boy to his parents. With the evidence which has been put in, the conviction of Westervelt is believed to be certain. He will then be sentenced to a term of imprisonment, and, soon afterward, will be pardoned on condition that the boy shall be returned by the parties known to Westervelt, who now have him hid away. We are not at liberty to name our authority for these statements, but it is hardly necessary to say that we would not make them positively, still less give them editorial prominence, if we had not the best of reasons for believing them to be true. So many false hopes have been raised that it would be the worst of cruelty to start a story of this kind not well founded, but this comes from a source which we cannot discredit.—*Phila. Sunday Press.*

Bloody Brook.

The people of Massachusetts on Friday commemorated the two hundredth anniversary of the bloody episode in Indian warfare

—when, through Deerfield's glen,
At starving Hadley's call, her food to share,
Marched Lothrop and his men,
And fell unwitting in that ghastly snare.

Dr. George B. Loring was the orator of the day, and Professor William Everett the poet. Both productions are worthy tributes to the "flower of Essex," massacred in that terrible battle known in history as "Bloody Brook." The massacre was one of King Philip's most vengeful and determined efforts to destroy the whites, and after two centuries the memory of that sanguinary day is still fresh in the minds and hearts of the descendants of those pioneers of New England. The celebration at South Deerfield was a proper observance of a significant event, and the words of the orator and the song of the poet were both happily in accord with the occasion. —*N. Y. Herald.*

St. Bonifacius' Parishioners Angry.

On Friday night the depositors who had laid away their money under the reign of ex-Father Gerdeman, held a meeting at a hall on Fifth street above Poplar. Mr. Wackert presided, and the committee appointed to wait on the Archbishop reported that his Grace refused to give them an audience. Amidst great disorder a motion was made and declared to be adopted authorizing the employment of counsel to bring suit against the Archbishop for deposits, with interest, and the meeting broke up in a perfect hubbub after several subscriptions were taken to pay the expenses of the proposed suit.—*Phila. Sunday Press.*

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And dealers in French and Enameled Glass. As we keep in our warehouse a first-class Cutter, we are prepared to fill all orders from a single light upwards, on short notice. We select the best Sheet Glass to fill orders at our warehouse, 110 WATER STREET, between Wood and Smithfield. mws

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New French Cloths and Invisible Plaids, in New Combinations and Colorings.
New Cashmeres, Merinos, Alpine Cloths, &c., in all the new shades of Browns, Navy Blue, Plum, Green, &c.
NEW
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From 62½c to $1.75.
BLACK MOHAIR ALPACAS,
Splendid Bargains at 25c, 37½c, 50c, 62½c, and 75c.
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From $1 to $3.50 per yard.
All qualities, very much under Usual Prices.
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DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCIAL.

Latest Advices Concerning Money and Stock Matters.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, MONDAY, September 20, 1875.

Saturday brought a better showing to our banks in the matter of current business, the transactions proving that a large amount of business is being transacted, despite the occasional croaking we hear. It is undeniable that a better feeling exists in business circles, and that hopefulness is the predominant feeling. The banks that have loanable balances, (all do not have) use very considerable care in making loans. Paper is scrutinized very nearly as closely as at any time within the past two years. Manufacturers are not remarkably prosperous, and talk is had occasionally of stopping the mills one week out of four.

The money market yesterday was quiet and rates on a limited business, unchanged. Call loans at 4 per cent., strictly first-class two-name paper at 5@6½ per cent., strictly first-class single-name paper at 6@7 per cent.; loans on Government collateral at 4 @5 per cent., do call on first-class bonds and stocks at 5@6½ per cent. While the quotations here given are unchanged there are some signs of an increased demand for money, among which is a statement to the effect that the New York banks are beginning to ship currency to the South as well as to the West, and these shipments are made up almost of legal tenders, so that the bank reserves here and at the Eastern cities are drawn down $3,000,000 lower the loan market should show an activity and rates advance. It certainly will if general trade is good as the season advances.—*Phila. Ledger*, 18th

The late Commissioner of Internal Revenue, under date of April 2, declared that "drafts or bills drawn in the United States upon a foreign country need not be stamped. 2d—Sight vouchers in the meaning of the law, while in this country." The present Commissioner has "changed all that," and now orders these drafts to be stamped. Such backing and filling in official circles is very annoying.

The financial news from San Francisco is of a more encouraging nature, and the feeling evinced in New York stock circles indicates more confidence in the future of stocks.

The value of foreign imports at Philadelphia in August was $1,714,016, of which amount $1,148,646 came in American vessels and $565,370 in foreign.

Rich silver and gold discoveries on the north shore of Lake Superior are reported, the estimated yield of the ore being from $3,500 to $5,000 a ton.

Advices from Washington of Saturday give the following items:

The customs receipts to-day were	$ 565,931 74
For the month	7,904,598 52
For the fiscal year to date	37,984,716 99
The internal revenue receipts to-day were	396,411 68
For the month	5,898,559 04
For the fiscal year to date	24,799,340 63
Amount of national bank notes received for redemption during the week ending to-day	2,633,915 60
National bank notes outstanding	347,578,483 00
Of which $2,640,000 are in national gold bank notes.	
Amount of bonds held by the United States Treasurer as security for national bank circulation	373,077,762 00
And for deposits of public moneys	18,792,200 00
Legal tenders shipped during the week	2,821,180 00
The balances in the Treasury at the close of business to-day were:	
Currency	$ 2,023,000 00
Special deposit of legal dollars for the redemption of certificates of deposits	68,825,000 00
Coin	65,927,109 00
Including coin certificates	12,722,400 00
Outstanding legal tenders	374,245,708 00

The Assistant Treasurer paid out to-day $35,000 gold for interest, and $26,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds. The Treasury operations for the week included the disbursement of $221,000 gold for interest, and $246,000 in redemption of five-twenty bonds, and the receipt of $2,204,000 for customs.

Robinson Brothers, Bankers, No. 78 Fourth avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from the latest advices by telegraph:

Gold	115¼	5-20's 1868—coupons	121
U. S. 6's, 1881, coup	120½	10-40's	116¾
" 5's, 1874	114¾	Currency 6's	123¾
" 5's, 1875	114¾	Pacific R. R. 6's	113¾
" 1865 new	118¾	10-40's—coupons	117¾
$-20's 1867	120½		

RAILWAYS.

N. Y. Cen.	102¾	Ohio & Mississippi	16¾
Erie	28½	Union Pacific	76
L. S.	77	Wabash	7
C. C. & I. C.	47	Harlem	131
St. Paul	24¾	Adams Express	103
Do. preferred	39¾	American Express	53½
Michigan Southern	85¾	U. S. Express	44¾
Do. Central	87	W., Fargo & Co. Ex.	78½
North Western	59¾	Quicksilver	15¾
Do. Pref	83½	Fort Wayne	101
Rock Island	107	Hannibal & St. Jos.	20¾
Clev. & Pitts.	93½	Pacific Mail	37½
Pacific Mail	35½	Iron Mountain	17½
Western Union Tel.	77¾		

Robinson Brothers furnish the following quotations of active stocks on the Philadelphia Stock Board:

P. R. R. (S)	58½	Gen. Trans (S)	48
Reading (S)	38¾	Empire D. (S)	16
Oil Co. of N. J. (S)	8½	Penn. R. R. (S)	57½
Oil Creek (S)	10	P., C. & St. L. 7's (S)	75
Lehigh Valley (S)	62¾		

NEW YORK, September 18, 1875.

The Assistant Treasurer disbursed $67,000. The customs receipts were $295,000. Bankers' bills 480a481¼. Gold opened at 116¼, advanced to 117, reacted to 116¾, and closed at 116¾. The rates paid for borrowing were 1-32 and 1-64 per diem, and 4 and 1¼ per cent. per annum. The following is the bank statement:

Loans, decrease	$1,371,400
Specie, decrease	1,991,700
Legal tenders, decrease	1,247,200
Deposits, decrease	2,723,800
Circulation, decrease	1,200
Reserve, decrease	2,557,950

Governments were dull and steady. Railroad bonds were quiet and steady this afternoon. State bonds were quiet and prices nominal. Stocks were lower at the opening, the decline ranging from ¼ to 1¼ percent. At the first board a firm feeling set in and prices advanced ½ to 1 per cent., but subsequently the improvement was partially lost. There was a difference of ¼ to ½ per cent. between the sales of Western Union regular and seller three. After the second call the general market was firm. Quiet then characterized the market until towards the close, when stocks were somewhat irregular, with a rally in some shares from the lowest figures of the afternoon and a decline in others. Erie was the strongest stock, and rose to 29¾, the advance being due to the arrival, on the other side, of Sir Edward Watkin, and also a rumor that the forthcoming report would be favorable. The market closed active and unsettled. Erie, however, closed strong.

The sales on the Stock Exchange aggregated 214,000 shares, of which 33,000 were Erie, 15,300 Lake Shore, 11,800 Northwestern, 47,100 Pacific Mail, 1,200 St. Paul common, 4,400 preferred, 2,100 Ohios, and 59,100 Western Union.

Governments—U. S. Coupons 1881, 125¾; 5-20s '64, 114⅝; 5-20s '65, 119¼; 5-20s '65, new, 118⅛; 5-20s '67, 120⅜; 5-20s '68, 121; new 5s, 113⅜; 10-40s, 116⅞; 10-40s coupons, 117⅛; currency 6s, 123¾.

State Bonds—Tennessee old, 51½; do new, 50¾; Virginia new, 40; do old, 40; Missouri 6s, 101¾.

Stocks.—Western Union Telegraph, 77½; Pacific Mail, 35¾; Adams Express, 101½; Fargo, 77; American Express, 57; U. S. Express, 44¾; New York Central, 102¾; Erie, 29¾; do preferred, 40; Harlem, 130; do preferred, 131½; Michigan Central, 87½; Lake Shore, 82½; Union Pacific, 69½; Pittsburgh, 90½; Illinois Central, 98½; Northwest, 38¾; do preferred, 53¾; New Jersey Central, 109½; Rock Island, 107; St. Paul, 34½; preferred, 62½; Wabash, 8; preferred, 7; Ft. Wayne, 100½; Terre Haute, 6; do preferred, 18; Chicago & Alton, 90; do preferred, 105; Ohio & Mississippi, 16¾; Indiana Central, 4; Burlington & Quincy, 111½; Hannibal & St. Joe, 20¾; Delaware & Lackawanna, 99; Atlantic & Pacific Telegraph, 20½; Central Pacific, 44; preferred, 72.

LONDON, September 18—3 P. M.—The markets opened devoid of any special feature. American Governments and railroad securities remain steady. United States 5-20s of 1867 advanced ½ per cent., Erie declined ½, Reading railroad also declined ½. The amount of bullion withdrawn from the Bank of England on balance to-day was £100,000.

LONDON, September 18—5 P. M.—The rate of discount in open market for three months' bills is 1½ per cent., or ½ below the Bank of England rate. Consols: money, 94 7-16; account, 94½; 5-20s of 1865, 106½; do of 1867, 107½; 10-40s, 105; new 5s, 105; New York Central, 94; Erie 17½; do preferred, 39½.

PARIS, September 18.—Rentes, 66f 32c.

FRANKFORT, September 18.—U. S. new 5s, 100½.

COMMERCIAL.

Condition of the Markets at Home and Abroad.

DAILY REPORT OF PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, Sept. 18, 1875.

While there is a very fair volume of business in the aggregate, our merchants and manufacturers generally report trade as being unsatisfactory; that, in addition to a very light demand, in consequence of a steady shrinkage in values, there has been little or no margin for profit. We heard a merchant remark the other day that his trade during the past year had been better than ever it was before, but this is an exceptional case; some of our oldest and most successful business men report that they will be well satisfied if they come out even at the close of this year, and particularly is this applicable to some of our leading branches of manufacturing. Our produce merchants as a rule, have done very well this year, but it was owing to the largely increased fruit trade, not only both cities and the numerous boroughs adjacent, but the whole country within a radius probably of one hundred miles, was supplied through them.

BUTTER—There is a continued active demand, and notwithstanding the arrivals are increasing apparently, prices are fully maintained; sales of prime to choice, solid packed at 28a30c; do roll, 30a32c.

CHEESE—Prime Ohio Factory, in a jobbing way, is reported steady at 11¼a12c.

EGGS—With increased receipts, the supply accumulating a little stronger condition to realize, the market is not as strong as it was a week ago, but prices are still maintained; 20c.

FEATHERS—The market is steady, with a very fair jobbing trade, but no change in prices. Old winter wheat, $7,25a7,50 for red, and $7,75a8,25 for amber and white; old spring wheat, $7,25a7,50, the outside figure for choice white goose. New flour cannot be quoted, as it is selling a wide range, according to quality and condition.

FRUITS—The market is well supplied, and trade is scarcely as brisk as it was, although prices are pretty well sustained. Peaches, 50a$1,50 per box, according to quality and condition. Apples, $2,00a3,00 per bbl., according to quality. Plums will soon be out of season, and the same is true of Blackberries.

GROCERIES—Our Baltimore dispatch reports that market firm, while in New York, on the other hand, was reported quiet. The situation at the present writing is decidedly interesting; it has been wavering, sometimes threatening to break and subsequently stiffening up again. Stocks in the hands in New York, Sept. 16, 52,104 bags; at Portsmond, 1,700 bags; at Baltimore, 11,909 bags; at Hampton Roads, 9,031 bags; at Galveston, 7,500 bags; afloat and loading for New York, 46,000 bags; other ports in the United States, 43,300 bags; total, 74,800 bags. We have Messrs. Wright & Co.'s telegram, dated Rio, Sept. 15, 1875, advising sales since 7th inst. of 79,000 bags; shipments, 19,000 bags; loading, 128,000; stock at date, 152,000 bags; receipts daily, 7,000 to 8,000 bags; price, 9-900; exchange, 27¾d. There is a very fair demand for Sugars, but prices remain unchanged.

SUGARS.

Crushed	12	Standard B	10⅜
Granulated	11¾	Ex C Standard	10⅜
Powdered	12	Demarara	9½@10¾
Standard A	11	Porto Rico	8½@9¾
N. O. Sugar	8½@9¾	Refined Yellows	9@10

COFFEES.

Rio Good	21	Roasted loose	28¾
Rio Prime	23	R. Java, bbgs	38
Rio Fancy	25	R. Java, loose	38½
R. Rio, ib pkg	29		

RICE.

Rangoon, per lb	7¾@8	Patna, per lb	7¾@8
Carolina, per lb	9@9¾		

MOLASSES.

Porto Rico	50@55	New Orleans	75@80
Demarara	50@55		

SYRUPS.

Sugar boune	38@40	Sugar Drips	60@65
Maple	60	White Drips	55@60
Silver Drips	60	Extra Golden	65@70

GRAIN—The movement in grain is fair, but the markets are unsettled and as a general thing, reported unsatisfactory. There is a fair demand for Wheat, but old stock is easing up, and prices, as compared with last week, are lower; quotable at $1,45 at,50 for old red and $1,30a1,35 for new. The flour market has not varied much for several days past; Ohio and Penna. 44a46c. for mixed to white; prime white western, 47a48c. Shelled Corn is quotable at 74a76c., and car at 76a78, on track, according to quality. Rye continues dull; 88a90c. But little doing in Barley.

HAY—Baled is still quoted, on track, at $17a18 for prarie, and $20a22 for timothy. Loose, from country wagons, $17a21.

ONIONS—$3,00a4,00 per bbl.

POTATOES—Irish quoted at 45a50c per bushel, in store, and $1,50 per bbl from store. Sweets unchanged at $3a4 per bbl, the outside figure for Jerseys.

POULTRY—Live chickens, 40a50c per pair.

BAGS—Good mixed, 2¼a3.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed is quotable at $2,85a2,90 to the trade, and $3,00a3,10 in a retail way. Nothing doing in Clover.

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, Sept. 18, 1875.

SOURCES OF SUPPLY—FALLING OFF IN THE PRODUCTION.

At no time within the past two years (83rs an exchange) has the Butler field of production been so completely circumscribed as at present, all attempts to extend its length or breadth for the last two months have been signal failures, and operators now understand that their future developments must be made within the limits of the producing field, as already defined by a gordion of dry holes in front and on either side. In the Clarion district within the last three months there has been over one hundred wells drilled, which together with the old ones have failed to increase the production of that district, and at present an increase in that quarter is looked for. The Octave district near Titusville is proved to have been extended belt, but rather a pool where six wells produce about three hundred barrels per day, and surrounded by ten or a dozen dry holes. The Bradford district is producing about one hundred and fifty barrels per day from six wells. Old operators have very little confidence of its becoming an important field of production on account of the quality of sand and the gravity of oil produced. The Warren district is predominantly about 24° barrels per day from two wells pumping. The balance of the oil fields are gradually declining in product, and a permanent decline in the whole region of production is confidently looked for.

CRUDE.

The market has ruled very firm and excited all week, and as compared with last week, a sharp advance has been established; immediate shipment quoted at Parker at $1,42a1,43, Corbett and Union certificates from $1,40a1,45. The immediate future of the market is being looked forward to with considerable interest; some operators predict a still further advance, while others predict that these bankers who can realize a margin for profit, or who can get out, will sell, and that this will cause a reaction. There is no disputing a light producting, but the visible is heavy, over 4,000,000 barrels.

REFINED.

The market for Refined has also stiffened up very materially within the past week in sympathy, to some extent, with the raw article, and a sharp advance in prices has been established. New York delivery quoted to day at 13, and Philadelphia and Baltimore at 13¼a13¾c, equal to about 11a11½ on cars here. It is expected, however, that the advance will tend for a time to curtail the export trade.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Receipts crude past week, 27,053 barrels; week preceding, 26,012 barrels. Receipts of Crude from January 1st to date, 778,481 barrels; same time last year, 1,315,130 barrels; exports refined from January 1 to date, 473,917 barrels; same time last year, 678,420 barrels. This statement of the shipments of refined does not include those over the Connellsville route for several weeks, which, for some reason or other, the company decline to make public.

OIL BARRELS.

In steady demand, but unchanged at $1,25a1,30 for countries, and $1,40a1,45 for city make.

RECEIPTS OF CRUDE OIL PER ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Shipper.	Consignee.	Bbls.
N. W. Stevenson	Carnell O W	942
Lockhart & F	Brilliant O W	1,389
S. Craig	Bly O W	969
J. J. Campbell	Aladdin O W	918
J. J. Fisher	Citizens O W	801
G. M. Robinson	Bentals O W	160
Total		5,669

SHIPMENTS OF REFINED OIL EAST VIA A. V. R. R.

Shipper	Consignee.	Bbls.
Standard Oil Co	Warden, F. & Co	986
Lockhart & F	Warden, F. & Co	376
Livingston Bros	Warden, F. & Co	250
National O W	Warden, F. & Co	832
Citizens Ref'g Co	Warden, F. & Co	840
Hoddalap & Co	Warden, F. & Co	260
Citizens Ref'g Co	Jno. S. Davis	150
Aladdin Oil Co	Jno. S. Davis	150
H. S. A. Stewart	Geo. Pohl	204
Livingston Bros	F. G. Francis	52
Total		3,654

PITTSBURGH LIVE STOCK MARKET.

OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, SATURDAY, September 18, 1875.

ARRIVALS.

Following were the arrivals of live stock at the Pittsburgh Central Stock Yards for the week, and, to afford a comparison, we append those of the corresponding time last week also:

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	435 cars.	415 cars.
Hogs	173 "	168 "
Sheep	96 "	87 "
Total	704 "	670 "

Of the 435 cars of cattle reported this week, 206 cars were through consignments and 229 cars local, against 209 cars of through and 206 cars of local last week; sales, 3,416 head, against 3,339 last week.

CATTLE.

Since our report of Thursday the great proportion of the receipts have been through consignments, and this in connection with a very limited attendance of buyers, caused a very limited amount of business; however, there rarely ever is much done here in the cattle trade from Thursday noon up until the following Tuesday, hence this week was no exception. The most of the buyers usually have all their buying done by Wednesday evening and many of them return home on Wednesday night; occasionally, when cattle are scarce, some of the Philadelphia buyers hold over until Friday, but it is an exception to the rule. Hence the great proportion of the cattle intended to be sold in this market arrive during the early part of the week, while the bulk of the through consignments reach here between Friday and Sunday, as the most of them are intended for Monday's market.

The supply on sale this week was again comparatively light, and with an increased demand trade was more active for all grades, and while in consequence a firmer feeling was developed and in some instances better prices were obtained, we do not think there was any general or quotable advance. Sales were made at from 63@67c for prime to extra graded beeves, and from that down to 3½@4¼c for common natives and Texans; we are cognizant of several cars of fair 925a950 Texans having been sold at 4@4¼c, but think that they made no money for their owners. There is a continued steady demand for good stock cattle, and it is likely that there will be for some weeks to come, as there is plenty of pasture in the eastern part of the State and a scarcity of cattle; furthermore, there is nearly always a large attendance of buyers from Lancaster, Chester and other adjoining counties in the eastern part of the State at this season of the year, and there is no reason why this year should be an exception.

However, notwithstanding trade was more active and firmer this week, the general position of the markets is unfavorable to both shippers and butchers, the price of cattle are entirely too high to afford the butcher a margin for profit and the two interests are so closely identified that the one is of necessity sympathize with the other. Operators are about the only ones that are doing any good, and we have not much doubt but the most of them have made money during the past few days, some of them a good deal of it.

QUOTATIONS.

Extra 1,400a1,500 steers	6,50a7,00
Prime 1,200a1,300 steers	5,75a6,25
Good 1,100a1,200 steers	5,12a5,50
Fair 1,000a1,100 lb. Steers	4,50a5,00
Common, 900a1,000 steers	3,00a4,25
Bulls, Stags and Cows	2,50a3,00
Stockers, as per quality	3,00a4,00
Texas cattle, as per quality	3,50a4,50

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

The market this week was even better than that of last week for good stock, as the supply of this character was not equal to the demand, while trade in common and medium, of which there was a slight oversupply, was a little sluggish, and in some instances heavy

HOME NEWS.

Foot Races.

There will be two foot races at Friendship Park this week. The first comes off to-day between the California Boy and J. C. Clark for fifty dollars a side, and a distance of one hundred yards. The former gives his opponent a start of three yards. The second takes place on Thursday next between Joe. Manks, the trainer of Wheat, and the California Boy, a distance of 125 yards for one hundred dollars a side.

Sudden Death.

On Saturday evening, Mr. Wm. Moon, who resided in Bellevue, took a pail and went into the yard in the rear of his residence to get some water. A few minutes afterward, his dead body was found lying in the yard. His death was caused by heart disease. He was forty-five years of age and was quite well known. He formerly kept a grocery store on Arch street, above the Park, in Allegheny. He was a brother-in-law of Richard Robinson, whose dead body was found in the Allegheny Park about two months ago.

Popular Science Monthly.

The ever instructive and entertaining *Popular Science Monthly*, comes out for October with a very attractive table of contents. The list is varied, and every class of scientific and cultivated readers will find something that will attract their attention and be worthy of a careful perusal. There are fifteen articles altogether five of which are very handsomely illustrated. The editorial department is rich and worthy of the reputation of the Monthly. It is a good number and sustains the high reputation of the periodical.

The Police Court.

Twenty-five was the number of inebriates and disorderlies gathered in by the police on Saturday night and disposed of by the Mayor yesterday morning. Patrick Joyce and Jeremiah Carroll were sent to Claremont for thirty days. H. Jones and Adam Grable paid ten dollars and costs each for disorderly conduct. Martin Connors, Paul Parrish, Wm. Wilson and Wm. Edgar were sent to jail for ten days, and Geo. Johnston, who left fifteen dollars with his appearance to answer a charge of disorderly conduct, failed to turn up and his money was hypothecated.

Base Ball.

The Experts, of Harrisburg, have declined to come to Union Park unless the Xanthas will insure them a definite amount of money. They were offered half of the the gate receipts but that did not satisfy them.

The Mutuals, of Middleport, Ohio, the amateur champions of that State, will play the Xanthas at Union Park next Saturday, and also on the Tuesday following.

The Braddocks played on Saturday at Meadville, Pa., with the Mutuals, of that place, and were defeated by a score of 10 to 7. This is the first reverse they have met with for some time.

Third Ward, Allegheny, Marching Club.

On Saturday evening, a large Republican meeting was held at North avenue school house, in the Third ward, Allegheny, for the purpose of organizing a marching club. Mr. Geo. B. McNulty presided, and Mr. Ed. H. Weibly acted as Secretary. A committee was appointed to secure the lot at the corner of Third street and Cedar avenue, on which to erect a wigwam. A finance committee consisting of the following gentlemen was appointed: W. J. Scott, James Marshall, James Hastings, D. J. Boden, E. H. Weibly, and George R. McNulty. The meeting then adjourned until this evening, when the club will elect its officers, and the members will receive their uniforms. The club will turn out on Thursday evening with the other clubs to escort Senator Morton.

Too Much Blasting.

Mrs. Carey and Bessie Connor, who occupy the upper part of a three story brick tenement house on Boyd's Hill, narrowly escaped being killed on Saturday by three large stones, thrown by a powder blast from the quarry of George Moffat, near Shingiss street, which struck the roof of their house and went through it as though it had been made of paper. The missiles landed on the kitchen floor, near where the women were standing. Miss Connor was knocked into a corner and severely cut about the head and nose. Mrs. Carey was struck on the shoulder by piece of falling timber and rendered senseless. The stones weighed several hundred pounds. Mr. Moffat was arrested by Lieutenant Hagar and taken before the Mayor to be informed against for blasting without a permit, but some technicality being in the way he was allowed to go till this morning, when an information will be entered against him. The injured parties also announce their intention of instituting a civil suit for damages.

FIRE IN ALLEGHENY.

Sweetmeats in Danger—A Confectionery on Fire.

About four o'clock yesterday morning an alarm of fire was sounded from box 56. It was occasioned by the discovery of fire in the cellar of George Kimmel's bakery and confectionery, on Chestnut street, near Main street. The department was promptly on hand as usual and extinguished the fire before much damage was done. The joice and a portion of the floor in the first story were destroyed as was a lot of flour, which was stored in the cellar. The loss will not exceed $150, which is fully covered by insurance. The fire is supposed to have originated from the bake-ovens in the cellar.

AN HEIRS RETURN.

A Missing Youth Turns up in Manhood After Twenty Years in Australia.

Nearly twenty years ago a youth of a roving turn of mind and decidedly fond of adventure, took his departure from his parental residence in Sligo, on the South Side, and pushed out on his own account into the broad and untried world to seek his fate and fortune. He had been raised most tenderly; being an only son of wealthy parents his every wish and whim was gratified and neither effort nor means were spared to properly educate him for the better walks of life, but still he was not happy or contented. Without making any preparation for a distant and prolonged journey, or informing either friends or relations of his intentions he quietly left his home, somewhat unintentionally performing a Rip Van Winkle disappearance. Days rolled away into weeks, weeks into months and months into years, and the crushed hearts of the parents were not relieved by any gladsome tidings from their boy. They early gave up despondency and while settling down to the belief that he was dead and never more would return, still hoping against hope they used all exertions to learn something of him and his whereabouts but all to no avail. No word, no news, no letter, no answer to their addressed inquiries to all parts of the world came to solve the mystery which so burdened their hearts, and years ago the father passed away in death and the recollection of his wayward son was with him to the final moment of departure. Something inwardly told the good old man that his boy was yet in this world and his last earthly legacy of a fathers blessing he left for him. The mother, likewise hopeful, survived the partner of her joys and sorrows only a few years and with her last breath bequeathed to Alexander the precious gift of her maternal benison. And thus they passed away.

During the long and fretful suspense of the loving and distressed parents, the son was living the life of a wanderer, far off among the rugged gold hills of Australia, making his livelihood in the wilderness of a new country, entirely forgetful of his forgotten his old home, and his heart often returned to the dear old couple whose roof and protection he had so singularly abandoned. He was not long permanently dwelling in the new home till he wrote back to his parents, explaining his absence and telling them all about his romantic trials and thrilling experiences in his journey to lands so far away from the old hearthstone. That letter never came to their hands. Doubt and misgivings of his friends or assuage the hallowed grief of the father and mother. He awaited in vain for an answering echo to his message of unabated love and filial duty. So word reached him, and again he wrote home, and fearing the reliability of the mail he entrusted the missive to a comrade who was coming hither. That letter was never received; the courier never was heard from. After this Alexander magnified his offense into grave proportions, and felt that he was unforgiven the transgression and therefore forgotten. He wrote no more, and in his dreams the old folks ever appeared, but no good guardian angel ever whispered through them how two old grey heads, bowed in grief, implored the blessings of God upon him, or how two loving hearts beat in prayerful anxiety and suspense in his behalf. He married and soon three rosy cheeked children clambered upon his knee and in them and his wife he found objects to divert his mind away from the old home and incentives to make a new and happy one for himself. His wife sickened and died and his grief was made all the greater on receiving by post the cold, legal announcement that he was left the heir to a large estate by the death of both his parents. The lawyers had discovered his address, even though the efforts of others in the same direction had failed a thousand times.

The last will and testament of the father left all his estate to his wife, the mother, to be held for her use during life and to pass to the only child of the family, Alexander, after ten years after her death to claim the possessions. If Alexander did not appear in the allotted time all was to revert to St. Paul's Roman Catholic Orphan Asylum and designated charitable institutions and purposes. The estate is worth one hundred thousand dollars and consists of suburban and city property, bonds, etc. On Saturday last the heir to all, the long absent son Alexander, arrived in our city and sought out the friends of his boyhood. Need we attempt to portray the feelings of the now subdued and settled man as he once more sits at the old fireside and reflects on the history of his life, of the persons and things that were, but are not now, of the mighty changes wrought out in the past eventful twenty years.

Marvin's Superior Cracker Meal.

For frying egg plant, cutlets, fish, oysters, &c., is better than rolled crackers. Full directions with each package. Sold by all grocers.

THE COURT RECORD.

A Complete Report of the Proceedings in the Courts Saturday.

United States District Court.

(Before Judge McCandless.)

In the matter of Jasper H. Dingman bankrupt, of Crawford county, the petition of L. E. Amswick & Co., creditors was presented and an order made for examination of the bankrupt before Register Rogers.

In the matter of S. Frankenstein, bankrupt, of St. Petersburg, Clarion county, the petition of the assignee, for leave to pay the bankrupt the sum of $100, was referred to Register Shafer for examination.

In the matter of A. Ortlieb & Co., bankrupts, of this city, the report of Register Shafer on the petition of certain creditors, for the sale of certain leaseholds, was presented and confirmed *nisi*.

Wm. Peters and Diana Pratt, of Allegheny each filed a petition for adjudication in bankruptcy of themselves respectively. The matter was referred to Register Shaffer.

In the matter of Gabriel Etzel, bankrupt of Butler county, the Register's report on the petition for discontinuance, was approved.

In the matter of Staib & Co., bankrupts of this city, the report of sales of real estate was confirmed subject to exceptions.

In the matter of Wm. S. Colwell, bankrupt, of Allegheny city, the assignee's report for sale of real estate was confirmed absolutely.

United States Circuit Court.

(Before Judge McKennan.)

In the case of E. and C. Robert's vs. Peter Schrieber, a restraining order was issued against defendant, prohibiting the use Robert's torpedo until the hearing of a motion for a preliminary injunction on the 8th prox.

In the case of the same plaintiffs vs. the Reed Torpedo Company, a final decree was entered awarding judgment in the sum of $11,000 in favor of the plaintiff.

Common Pleas Court No. 1.

(Before Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Collier.)

J. M. Acheson, Esq., was appointed Auditor to pass upon the exceptions in the matter of the voluntary assignment of Dallas & Co.

The First Presbyterian Church, of Verona, was granted a charter of incorporation.

In the divorce suit of Mary E. Pentz vs. William Pentz, A. B. Morrison was appointed Commissioner to take testimony.

Trial List for To-day.

Bennett vs. Dollar Savings Bank.
Mellon vs. First National Bank.
Cannon vs. Penn Avenue Building and Loan and Homestead Association.
Abrams, trustee, vs. Nesenthaler.
Tilton vs. Blair.
Holmes vs. Dhrew.
McClaren vs. Fullerton.
Fullerton vs. McLain et al.
McNally vs. Krauth.
Pritchard vs. Ross & Co.
Steele vs. Trunick et al.
Weichsel vs. Taylor.
McDonough vs. International Building and Loan Association, (2.)

Common Pleas Court No 2.

(Before Judge Ewing.)

C. F. McKenna, Esq., was appointed Commissioner to take testimoney in the divorce case of Lalu M. Scott vs. Thomas Scott.

In the matter of the voluntary assignment of A. D. Walker, the Court appointed Andrew McNoll, Wm. Hill and M. H. Reed appraisers.

Trial List for To-day.

Wirmb vs. King.
Barnes vs. Clark & Co.
Gowan vs. Frew, administrator of McCully, deceased.
Jenkins vs. Wodds.
Graber et al, vs. Worcester et al.
Billeb and wife vs. Pittsburgh and Castle Shannon Railroad Company.
Wihlstein vs. City of Pittsburgh.
Van vs. Barnes.
Meyer et al. vs. Kilcker et al.
O'Hara et al. vs. Kelly et al.

Criminal Court.

(Before Judge White.)

James Cornellius, for felonious assault and battery, was sentenced one year to the Work House.

Michael Kilbuck, for assault and battery, was fined six cents and costs.

John Green, for assault and battery, was sentenced six months to the Work House.

Wm. Riley, for selling liquors to minors, paid the costs and sentence was suspended.

M. V. B. Hazen having been convicted of the larceny of a watch, was sentenced one year to the Work House

Wm. Emory, for larceny, was sentenced six months to the Work House.

Thos. Welsh, for larceny, was sentenced six months to the Work House, as was also Chas McCartney, for a similar offense.

Patrick Hassin, for burglary, was sentenced six months to the Work House.

George Thomas, *alias* George Walker, for larceny, was sentenced three months to the Work House.

Trial List for To-day.

Commonwealth v.

C. A. Boucher,	J. Appey, Jr., *alias*
Joseph Campbell,	A. Hawthorne,
John Bailey (2)	Geo Allison,
Jerry Miller,	Jas. Lanam,
Adam Weigand,	Adam Brown,
Lena Schenderman,	"Brick" McCloskey,
Wm. Hinkel,	Frank Dorsey et al.,
Chas. Harbaugh,	Alex. McGill,
Joseph Woods,	August Wagner,
Wm. Robinson,	J. J. White (2)
Abraham Kelly,	August Brown,
Rose Cook,	Wm. McCully,
Mary Starr,	E. McCafferty.

Bill in Equity.

In the Common Pleas Court No. 1, Saturday, John S. Ferguson filed a bill in equity against William Fentenberg. The plaintiff owns property in Kilbuck township, and it is alleged that the defendant, who is the Supervisor of the township, intends to enter upon the property for the purpose of working on a public road, which he claims runs through the premises. The complainant says that there is no such road on his premises, and asks that the defendant be enjoined from entering upon the premises for the purpose stated.

Suit to Recover the Ortwein Reward.

It will be remembered that we stated some time ago, that the County Commissioners had paid into Court the reward offered for the arrest and conviction of Ernst Ortwein, the murderer of the Hamnett family. The Court, for the purpose of ascertaining who was entitled to the reward, appointed an Auditor to take testimony, but the appointment was subsequently revoked, as having been providentially made. One of the claimants (Mr. William Weir, of Allegheny,) brought suit on Saturday, in the Common Pleas No. 1, to recover the $2,000, with interest from the 30th of April, 1874, claiming that he is one of the parties who arrested Ortwein.

The Moore-Post Libel Suit.

An argument on a motion for a new trial in the Moore-Post libel suit, took place before Judges Sterrett and Collier, of the Common Pleas No. 1, Saturday. The principal reasons urged for asking a new trial was on account of the excessive amount of damages returned, and the peculiar circumstances attending the reading of the verdict. The Court reserved its decision at the conclusion of the addresses.

Court Brevities.

On motion of Thomas C. Lazear, Esq., George C. Burgwin and Robert F. Wilson, Esqs., were admitted and qualified Saturday to practice in the county courts. H. J. Begger, Esq., was also admitted on motion of Mr. J. S. Slagle.

THE SCULLS.

Another Challenge From Coulter to Morris—An Explanatory Card—Peal Beaten at Steubenville by Pedgrift.

An increased interest was lent to boating matters in this city on Saturday evening by a challenge from Henry Coulter to Evan Morris for another race. The former says that his friends are dissatisfied with the result of the contest on the 11th inst., and that in consequence thereof he challenges Morris to row over the same course, at Hulton station, on the Allegheny river, for $500 a side, to take place in about four weeks, or as near that time as can be mutually agreed upon. If Morris is inclined to accept the challenge he is requested to meet Coulter to-morrow evening at the St. Charles Hotel. It is quite probable that Eph. will accept.

Mr. James Hornett, President of the James Blackmore Boat Club, has issued a card stating that "there appeared in the GAZETTE of the 14th inst., an account of an interview held between a reporter of that paper and Patsy Speer, Coulter's trainer, in which that gentleman stated that the guide boat could not keep up with Coulter. To explain why the guide boat could not keep up with Coulter is a task I am not called on at the request of Coulter, Mr. Gordon Jackson, whom he intimated was his friend, took the place of the picked steersman, a position, by his own statement, he has not occupied for seven years, and taking advantage of the control he possessed he gave orders, after pulling a mile from the buoy-boat, to stop. The remainder of the race is history, as it is and told Mr. Jackson that they were instructed by the club which they represented and Mr. Coulter to guide him over the entire course. Mr. Jackson became angry at this remark and [illegible] abusive language at the stroke oar of the crew who still persisted in going over the course. To show that the crew are capable of leading him, or, if necessary, to beat him, we are willing to stake $100 on the result. This is to show the public that we are not to blame for Coulter's defeat."

The race on the Ohio river, at Steubenville, on Saturday, between Robert Peal, of that city, and John Pedgrift, of Chicago, a distance of three miles, for $250, a side, was won by Pedgrift in 21:49. He came in five feet a head. Peal is not satisfied and old man Ford has challenged Pedgrift to row Peal again within two weeks for $1,000. Both the rowers are Englishmen. They have trained with Joe Sadler, the English champion, and have pulled in the same boat with him. The race was witnessed by several thousand people. Previous to the race Frank Denmarsh, of this city, issued a challenge offering to row the winner, whoever he might be, for from $200 to $500 a side.

The friends of Pat. Luther and Frank Denmarsh held another meeting at the Clipper saloon, on Saturday night, in the hope of agreeing upon a course for the proposed race, that would be mutually satisfactory, but it was productive of no definite result, and now Denmarsh has challenged Luther to row him a three mile race on the upper Monongahela course for $500 a side.

A double scull race is announced for next Saturday, on the Allegheny, from the Sharpsburg bridge to Ewalt street bridge and return, between Bright and Thompson and Fix and James, all of Sharpsburg, for $25 a side.

Alf. Hopkins challenges Pete Snyder, of the Blackmore Club, to row him a three mile race on the Allegheny, on October 2d, for $25 a side.

BREVITIES.

Paragraphic Pencilings of Passing Events.

....Select Council meets this afternoon.

....A pension is projected for the benefit of General Dr. Jackson.

....A few snow flakes—the avant couriers of Winter—fell on Saturday.

....The trotting race at Friendship Park on Saturday, between Bay Dick, Ella, Nelse and Alert, for a purse of $500 was won by the former.

....The Friendship club of the Allegheny Fire Department challenge a club from the Pittsburgh Fire Department to play them a game of base ball.

....The Mayor announces his intention of issuing the amount of bonds—$80,000—necessary to complete the improvement of Brownsville avenue.

....The trees are changing their hues and the dark green mountains are already variegated with deep, rich crimson and purple and bright, yellow gold.

....Messrs. Riter & Conley are manufacturing three oil tanks, each having a capacity of 26,000 barrels. One of them is for the Columbia Conduit Co., and the other we go up the Allegheny river.

....The Coroner's jury rendered a verdict of "suicide by taking arsenic" in the case of Annie Moore, who poisoned herself on Friday night at her residence, on Penn avenue, mention of which was made in our last issue.

....It isn't because they are sentimental that so many young men hang over the gate with young ladies these chilly evenings. The fellers are each trying to raise a mustache, and have heard that suction's the thing required.

....A skiff race took place on the Allegheny river, between the Suspension and Union bridges, on Saturday evening, between Peter Bailey and Wm. Koerne, for $25 a side. The former came in about six lengths ahead.

....The fire yesterday evening, an alarm of which was turned in from box 5, was caused by a gas explosion at No. 101 Liberty street, near Fourth avenue, in a building belonging to the Ledlie heirs. But little damage was done.

....Robert Hewitt, a wealthy batchelor, and who lived near Altoona, committed suicide by shooting himself last Wednesday. He left a will in his trunk, in which he bequeaths all his property to a family named Seguin, who lives on his farm.

....The parties against whom suits were entered by the P. R. R. for selling railroad tickets contrary to an act of the Legislature in such cases made and provided, as it was claimed, were each held in the sum of $500 to answer to the several charges at Court.

....Detective Demmel returned from Philadelphia yesterday morning in charge of Patrick Welsh, who is charged here with the larceny of $60 from Mary Fullerton. They endeavored to obtain Welsh's release in Philadelphia on a writ of *habeas corpus* but failed.

....Jeremiah Force, J. F. Monroe and A. J. Arnack, the alleged policy dealers whose cases have been continued from time to time for so long, had a hearing on Saturday and Force was required to give $4,000 bail and the others $2,000 each for trial at Court. They furnished it.

....John Curran, a resident of Dallas Station, was struck by the "fast line" while walking along the P. R. R., near East Liberty, on Saturday evening. He was taken to the West Penn Hospital, where he is now lying in a critical, if not dying condition. The injured man has a wife and three children.

....George Dugan, a track-man on the Pan Handle R. R., while passing along Old avenue on Saturday, was severely bitten by a horse, which was standing hitched to a post. The animal made a lunge at him as he was passing by and took quite a large piece of flesh from the back of his neck.

....The Duquesne Incline Plane Company, which proposes the erection of a road up Mt. Washington, the first-ground for which was broken on Saturday, opposite the Point, elected the following directors on Saturday night: W. N. Riddle, W. B. Lupton, C. A. Colton, Ed. Able, Samuel Severance, A. G. Walter, J. Woods.

....A telegraph pole on Liberty street, near the Union Depot, was upheld about sixty wires, fell to the ground yesterday, owing to rottenness, and broke the connection for a time between this city and the East. A new pole was soon erected, and by evening the lines were again in working order.

....The officers and directors of the Pittsburgh branch of the Evangelical Alliance invite the pastors and ministers of the city to meet with them in the Y. C. A. rooms this (Monday) afternoon at 2:30, on the subject of the general meeting of the Alliance of North America, to take place in Pittsburgh, October 26-29th.

....William Feck was charged with false pretenses by Thomas Murray before Squire Kreuter on Saturday. The allegations are that the defendent sold him a double-key Denham piano for $400, which afterward proved to be the property of another, the defendant having sold it some time before. A warrant was issued.

....A meeting of the Pittsburgh Teacher's Academy was held at the Ralston school house on Saturday, when the following officers for the ensuing year were elected: A. Burtt and T. Jeff. Duncan, Vice Presidents; Miss Sue B. Nichol, Treasurer; J. M. Logan and J. F. Andrews, Secretaries; A. Burtt, T. Jeff. Duncan and E. M. Still, Executive Committee. The next meeting will be held November 3.

....At a Republican meeting in old City Hall on Saturday night the Duquesne Marching club was organized and officered as follows: President, General Joseph Browne; Vice Presidents, W. W. Thomson, Harvey Darlington, John A. Davis for 1st; W. A. Herron, Secretary, A. G. Rinehart; Treasurer, W. R. Brown, Jr; Marshal, Major W. D. Wilkins; First Assistant Marshal, Captain H. D. McKnight. Committee on Uniform, W. Brown, Jr., A. Rinehart and Captain H. D. McKnight. The club will meet again this evening, when all who desire are invited to be present and join.

....The alarm of fire about one o'clock yesterday morning, from box 143, at the corner of Eighteenth and Sarah streets, South Side, was occasioned by the discovery of fire in O'Connor's liquor store. Empty barrels had been piled up inside the door, and the appearance of things left no doubt in the minds of the firemen but that it was the work of an incendiary. A singular circumstance, and one that bears out the incendiary theory, was the discovery of a lot of charred, half burned documents in the drawers in the office, while the desks were not burned at all. Sixty dollars in money and a watch are missing from a drawer. The damage to the building will not amount to more than ten dollars.

....A preliminary hearing was had on Saturday before the Fire Marshal, in the case of Louis Berwald and wife, charged with incendiarism in setting fire to their residence on Seventeenth street, South Side, a couple of months ago. They were required to give $1,000 bail for Court. Testimony for the prosecution showed that pieces of rags saturated with oil had been found on the premises, and it was asserted that while the stock and furniture were insured for $2,000, the effects on hand just previous to the fire were not worth more than $500. Berwald offered to prove an alibi, but no testimony for the defense was heard.

PERSONAL.

***Alderman Butler will officiate this morning as Acting Mayor.

***President Grant will pass through the city next Thursday on his way to Wooster.

***Judge Kirkpatrick, Dr. J. G. McCandless, Hon. S. J. Wilson, and Dr. John M. Reid, of Steubenville, are due in New York to-morrow on their return from Europe.

***Conductors Routh and Beckwith, for many years connected with the Pennsylvania Railroad, have resigned. The former has accepted a position on a second five mile race over the same course, at Hulton station, on the Allegheny river, for $500 a side, to take place in about four weeks, or as near that time as can be mutually agreed upon. If Morris is inclined to accept the challenge he is requested to meet Coulter to-morrow evening at the St. Charles Hotel. It is quite probable that Eph. will accept.

***J. B. Tilford Jr., of J. B. Tilford Jr., & Co., of New York, was in the city on Saturday. The firm are largely engaged in the refined petroleum business, and to them mostly is due the credit of establishing the trade between here and Baltimore.

***Hyman Frank, Councilman from the Twenty-third ward, will shortly resign his seat. Mr. Frank is making arrangements to remove to Detroit where he will personally superintend a large glass manufacturing establishment, in which he is a special partner.

***Mr. Alexander Wernet, Jr., returned to this, his native city, on Saturday, from Australia, where he had been living during the past twenty years. His friends could hardly realize that it was "Aleck," whom they long since gave up as dead and his appearance in real flesh and blood was a most gratifying surprise to them all.

***Alderman Calvin Bartley and E. W. Wilt are candidates for Vice Select Commander, W. C. Fees and William Page for Select Vice Marshal, John M. Scott for Select Treasurer, and John A. Davis for Select Scribe of the Select Castle of the Ancient Order of the Knights of the Mystic Chain of Pennsylvania. All the gentlemen are Pittsburghers.

***The congregation of Trinity Episcopal church had the gratification of hearing their late Rector, now Rt. Rev. John Scarborough, Bishop of New Jersey, on Sunday. The Bishop's visit at this time was prompted chiefly by the mutual desire of himself, and the parishioners of the church of the Nativity of Crafton, that he should participate, as he did on Friday in the ceremony of its consecration. The Bishop and his wife are the guests of John H. Shoenberger, Esq., where he will remain during the week, and probably officiate again on Sunday next, in his old parish. He expresses himself as being greatly pleased with the State and people of New Jersey, especially with the capital city of Trenton, where he resides.

Woolen Yarns

all colors and prices; also a full line of Hosiery. Special inducements to buyers at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

Headquarters

for Brushes, Notions, Toys and Fancy Goods, at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

Lunch Baskets.

Market Baskets, Clothes Baskets and all other kinds of Baskets Wholesale and Retail at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

Slates.

Slate Pencils, Lead Pencils, Writing Paper, Steel Pens, Pen Holders, Ink and Pass Books, at J. D. Thompson & Co., 176 and 178 Wood street.

VIEWERS' REPORTS.

To the Select and Common Councils of the City of Pittsburgh.

The undersigned, Viewers of Street Improvements in the City of Pittsburgh, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, authorized by ordinance, passed on the 28th day of Sept., A. D., 1874, a copy of which is hereto attached to make an assessment of the cost and expense of constructing a Public Sewer on 36th street, in said city, upon the property benefited thereby under the provisions and in accordance with an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act concerning streets and sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved January 6th, 1864, and the several supplements thereto respectfully report:

That having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceeded in the manner and according to the directions of said Act, to discharge the duties of their appointments; that having viewed the premises, they made an assessment of said cost and expense upon the property benefited, and caused a plot and statement to be made, as required by said Act; and having given the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1875, at the office of Board of Viewers in the city of Pittsburgh, heard all the complaints and evidence offered and having made all modifications and corrections which they deem proper, assessed the cost and expense of constructing said sewer upon the following property, upon each for the amount set opposite the name of the owner thereof, viz.:

VIEWERS' REPORT—On assessment of Sewer on Thirty-sixth street from and of old sewer to the Allegheny river.

Cost of Sewer as per bill	$7,083 00
Printing Ordinances and Notices	15 00
Printing Viewers' Report	3 00
Serving Notices	3 00
Plan and Tracing	17 00
Viewers' Time	75 00
	$7,196 00

And for payment of which we assess the following property benefited by said improvement:

	Feet.	Price.	
N. Snyder	13	$3.25	$ 42 25
M. McCullough	1181	do	3,838 25
Patrick McCabe	140	do	455 00
Wainwright Heirs			1,154 00
J. Wagoner	100	50c.	50 00
T. Howard	100	do	50 00
N. Snyder	94	do	47 00
M. J. Hines	100	do	50 00
Wainwright & Co.			150 00
H. Engle	28	do	14 00
			$5,850 50
Charles Jemison	20	25c.	$ 5 00
James Painter	20	do	5 00
Smith's Row,	North Side.		
Michael Doris	60	do	15 00
W. Randol	20	do	5 00
Mrs. E. Kramer	20	do	5 00
B. Rafferty	20	do	5 00
South Side.			
J. Painter	20	$2	40 00
Charlotte Painter	20	$1.50	30 00
John Wilkison	20	$1	20 00
Mrs. Johnston	20	75c.	15 00
J. F. Dravo	120	25c.	30 00
James McMinn	20	do	5 00
C. Rote	20	do	5 00
William Mathews	40	do	10 00
E. Ross	20	do	5 00
Lafayette alley.			
M. Bishop	22	$1.50	33 00
S. Schultz	22	$1	22 00
W. Kaisman	22	50c.	11 00
J. Wagoner	22	25c.	5 50
Mrs. E. F. Denny			774 00
William Flacus			300 00
			$1,345 50

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT VANDEVORT,
JAMES CASSIDY,
M. EDWARDS,
Viewers.

Pittsburgh, July 30th, 1875.

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the opening of O'Hara street from Ellsworth avenue to Pennsylvania avenue.

The undersigned Viewers of Street Improvements in the City of Pittsburgh, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 26th day of Oct., A. D. 1874, a copy of which is hereto attached, to appraise the damages sustained in the opening of O'Hara street from Ellsworth avenue to Pennsylvania avenue, in the City of Pittsburgh, and make an assessment therefor, under the provisions of and in accordance with an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act concerning Streets and Sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved the 6th day of January, A. D. 1864, and the supplements thereto, respectfully report:

That having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceed in the manner and according to the directions of said Act, to discharge the duties of their appointment; and, having given the notices required by said Act, they viewed the premises and heard all the allegations and evidence of the several parties claiming damages, and, after full consideration thereof, made a true and conscionable appraisement of the same; that after ascertaining the whole amount of damages, they made an assessment of the same upon the properties benefited by said improvement, and caused a Plot to be made, and prepared a statement as required by said Act; and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1875, at the office of Board of Viewers, in the City of Pittsburgh, heard all complaints and evidence presented, and, after full consideration thereof, do find that the following named owners of property will sustain damages for which they are entitled to compensation, each for the amount set opposite his name, respectively, viz.:

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the opening of Park street, from Spring street to Lemington street.

EXPENSES.

Printing Ordinances and Notices	$15 00
Printing Viewers' Report	1 00
Serving Notices	3 00
Survey and Tracing	10 20
Viewers' Time	30 00
	$59 20

BENEFITS.

	Feet.		
J. L. Kaine	110	10c.	$11 00
M. O'Hara	202	do	20 20
R. B. McCraig	289	do	28 00
			$59 20

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT VANDEVORT,
JAMES CASSIDY,
M. EDWARDS,
Viewers.

July 21, 1875.

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the opening of Park street, from Spring street to Lemington street.

To the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh:

The undersigned Viewers of Street Improvements in the City of Pittsburgh, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny County, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 25th day of February, A. D. 1874, a copy of which is hereto attached, to appraise the damages sustained in the opening of Park street from Spring avenue to Lemington street, in the City of Pittsburgh, and make an assessment therefor, under the provisions of and in accordance with an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act concerning Streets and Sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved the 6th day of January, A. D. 1864, and the supplements thereto, respectfully report:

That having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceed in the manner and according to the directions of said Act, to discharge the duties of their appointment; and, having given the notices required by said Act, they viewed the premises and heard all the allegations and evidence of the several parties claiming damages, and, after full consideration thereof, made a true and conscionable appraisement of the same; that after ascertaining the whole amount of damages, they made an assessment of the same upon the properties benefited by said improvement, and caused a Plot to be made, and prepared a statement as required by said Act; and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1875, at the office of Board of Viewers, in the City of Pittsburgh, heard all complaints and evidence presented, and, after full consideration thereof, do find that the following named owners of property will sustain damages for which they are entitled to compensation, each for the amount set opposite his name, respectively, viz.:

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the opening of Park street, from Spring street to Lemington street.

EXPENSES.

Printing ordinances and notices	$15 00
Printing viewer's report	1 05
Serving notices	3 00
Survey and Tracing	11 09
Viewer's time	30 00
	$60 14

BENEFITS.

Alex. King	105	1½c.	$ 1 31
Mrs. Sarah Anderson	2666	do.	33 32
J. M. Rowan	2041	do.	25 51
			$60 14

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT VANDEVORT,
JAMES CASSIDY,
M. EDWARDS,
Viewers.

July 21, 1875.

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the widening of Ann street, from Magee street to Stevenson street.

To the Select and Common Councils of the city of Pittsburgh:

The undersigned Viewers of Street Improvements in the city of Pittsburgh, appointed by the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, and authorized by an ordinance passed on the 7th day of December, A.D. 1874, a copy of which is hereto attached, to appraise the damages sustained in the widening of Ann street, from Magee street to Stevenson street, in the city of Pittsburgh, and make an assessment therefor, under the provisions of and in accordance with an Act of Assembly entitled "An Act concerning Streets and Sewers in the City of Pittsburgh," approved the 6th day of January, A. D. 1864, and the supplements thereto, respectfully report:

That having been first duly sworn and qualified according to law, they proceed in the manner and according to the directions of said Act, to discharge the duties of their appointment; and, having given the notices required by said Act, they viewed the premises and heard all the allegations and evidence of the several parties claiming damages, and, after full consideration thereof, made a true and conscionable appraisement of the same; that, after ascertaining the whole amount of damages, they made an assessment of the same upon the properties benefited by said improvement, and caused a Plot to be made, and prepared a statement as required by said Act; and having given to the owner of each lot ten days' notice of the time and place of meeting, they met on the 30th day of June, A. D. 1875, at the office of Board of Viewers in the city of Pittsburgh, heard all complaints and evidence presented, and, after full consideration thereof, do find that the following named owners of property will sustain damages for which they are entitled to compensation, each for the amount set opposite his name, respectively, viz.:

VIEWERS' REPORT—On the opening of Cowan street, from Grafton street to Stevenson street.

EXPENSES.

Printing Ordinances and Notices	$15 00
Printing Viewers' Report	1 54
Serving Notices	3 00
Survey Plan and Tracing	8 28
Viewers' Time	30 00
	$57 82

BENEFITS.

A. & C. Engle	130	7c.	$ 9 10
R. M. Hall	80	do	5 60
J. W. Porter	41	do	2 87
Robert McCallis	41	do	2 87
A. P. Norton	100	do	7 00
R. Cowan	154	do	10 78
J. Porter	40	do	2 80
J. Williams	42	do	2 40
M. L. Stoul	120	do	8 40
			$57 82

Respectfully submitted,
ROBERT VANDEVORT,
JAMES CASSIDY,
M. EDWARDS,
Viewers.

AMUSEMENTS.

Pittsburgh Opera House.

At St. Louis, on Thursday night, during the performance of "Out at Sea," Gertie Granville, who was announced to appear this evening, at this theater, in that play, was accidentally shot in the hand. She canceld the remainder of her engagement there, and sent word here saying she could not come. However, the management have decided to produce the play to-night, at any rate, considerable expense having been incurred in preparing scenery, &c. Mr. Owen will appear as the leading character, that of a boy, which Miss Granville sustains.

Academy of Music.

"Camille" is the attraction to-night with Miss Ada Gray in the title *role*, supported by Mr. John Stevens as *Armand*. Of Miss Gray's ability as an actress there is no question. She is one of the bright stars of her profession and shines with no dim luster.

Fifth Avenue Comedy Theatre.

Harry Clifford and Lottie Grant appear to-night in the new sensational play of "Pomp." New variety artists are also announced.

Trimble's Varieties.

A glance at the programme for the week at Trimble's discloses the fact that the best of last week's company have been retained and the places of the others filled with new actors.

Hobby Horses.

Wood Wagons and every thing else in the Toy line at J. D. Thompson & Co.,